





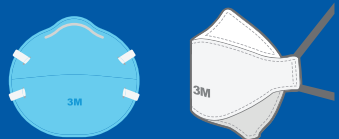


Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Guidelines

Applicable to PPE use in the hospital setting, including the emergency department, and ambulatory settings

Current as of July 26, 2021

These guidelines apply in cases when PPE is worn for individual patient interactions.

PPE	Use	Details
Gowns 	✓	<div>  Impervious/Fluid-resistant: Blood or body fluid risk, including aerosol-generating procedures (AGPs) such as intubation, regardless of patient's COVID-19 status. Remove if contaminated. </div> <div> or </div> <div>  Isolation: When there is no blood or body fluid risk. Remove if contaminated. </div>
Eye protection (mask with face shield, face shield or goggles) 	✓	Use with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 patients, for all AGPs, and for all encounters with any individual who is unable to wear a mask. If reusing, disinfect with an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approved wipe, air dry, and place in labeled bag with name.
Procedure mask  OR External cloth mask over procedure mask 	✓	Required to be worn at all times in the hospital, ambulatory or practice office settings. Patients should wear a procedure mask when outside their room and in their room whenever possible.
N95 respirator 	✓	Worn for all patient encounters where individuals have suspected or confirmed COVID-19 status. Worn for all AGPs regardless of patient's COVID-19 status. Discard after use. Between uses, N95 respirators must be stored in a breathable bag labeled with name. Sealed plastic bags are not acceptable for N95 storage.