Source Analysis

What is Source Analysis?

Source Analysis is a way of checking whether a source is reliable through six elements.

What elements should be analysed?

When doing a source analysis, you should look for the **context** of the source, the **reason (motive)** for making the source, the **audience** the source was aimed at, the **origin** of the source and its creator, the **perspective** the source shows, and the **information** the source gives out. Use these elements to assess the reliability, the validity, and the type of source.

What are the different types of sources?

The two types of sources are primary and secondary sources. A primary source is a first-hand account or retelling of an event or topic. Most diaries, letters, artworks, minutes, artifacts, ruins, geoglyphs, corpses, interviews, photos, videos, and recordings are primary sources. Primary sources are generally very reliable, but in some cases (e.g., the Bayeux Tapestry) they can be misleading. Secondary sources are sources that analyse, interpret, restructure, or restate primary sources. Examples of these are textbooks, essays, theses, and articles. Secondary sources can sometimes obscure the facts with opinions and aren't always as reliable as some primary sources.

Worksheets

Complete the following worksheet on Source Analysis (skip Question 3), either in your books or in a document.

