











1. Intro

Defence policy aims at promoting and sustaining peace in the country. It can be done either by negotiating or cooperation with other countries. It is equipped with modern weapon to safeguard against any aggressions.

→ INDIAN ARMY

It is land based army which protects border of India.

→ INDIAN NAVY

It is the naval branch which protects India from sea ports or oceans..

→ INDIAN AIR FORCE

It arms Indian air space and conduct aerial warfare during a conflict.







General Bipin Rawat

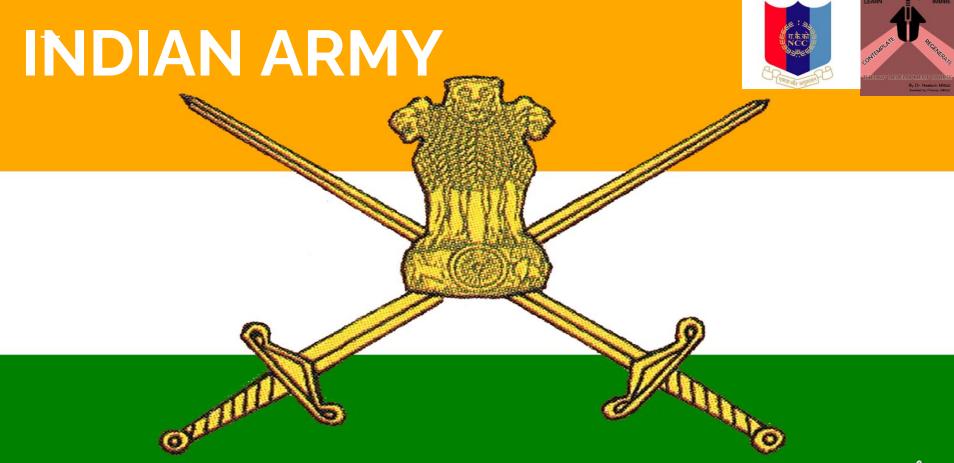
PVSM, UYSM, AVSM, YSM, SM, VSM, ADC

Four star general of Indian army.

First and current chief of defence staff of India.













The Indian Army is the land-based branch and the largest component of the Indian Armed Forces.

General Manoj Mukund Naravane is the chief of army staff awarded by PVSM, AVSM, SM, VSM, ADC.

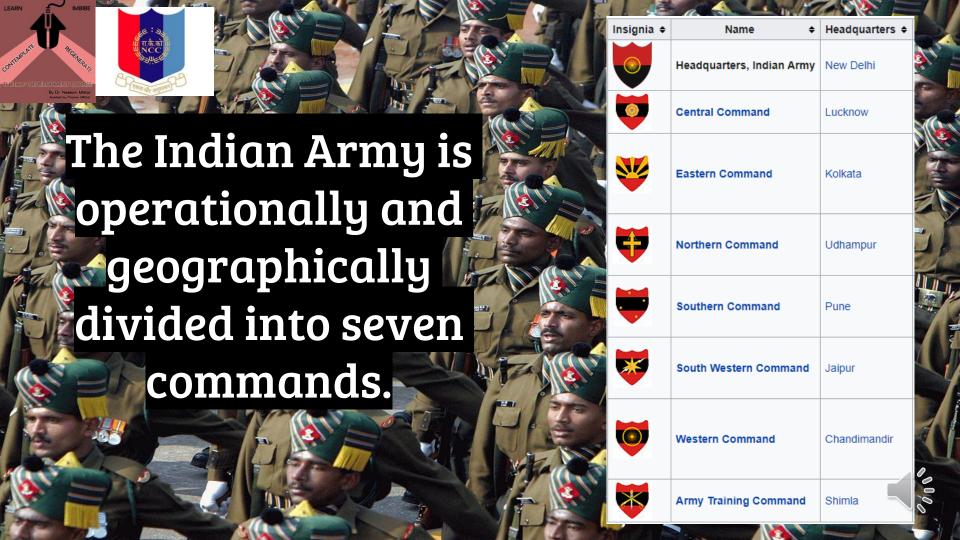
The primary mission of the Indian Army is to ensure national security and unity, defending the nation from external aggression and threats, and maintaining peace and security within its borders.

De jure commander in chief- president of India.

De facto leader- minister of defence

Professional commander- chief of army staff (COAS)





-COMMISSIONED RANKS IN

ARMY























Field Marshal

General Lieutenant General

Major General

Brigadier Colonel Lieutenant Colonel

Major

Captain Lieutenant

TUNIOR COMMISSIONED AND TUNIOR COMMISSIONED RANKS



SERVICES IN INDIAN ARMY

Name	Center
 Army Dental Corps Army Education Corps Army Medical Corps Army Ordnance Corps Army Postal Service Corps Army Service Corps Corps of Electronics & Mechanical Engineers Corps of Military Police Intelligence Corps Judge Advocate General's Department Military Farms Service Military Nursing Service Remount and Veterinary Corps Pioneer Corps 	Lucknow Pachmarhi Lucknow/Pune Jabalpur and Secunderabad (HQ) Kamptee near Nagpur Bengaluru Secunderabad Bengaluru Pune Institute of Military Law Kamptee, Nagpur Military Farms School & Center, Meerut Cantt. Pune and Lucknow Meerut Bengaluru









Corps

A corps is an army field formation responsible for a zone within a command theatre. There are 3 types of corps in Indian Army-

- → Strike
- → Holding
- → Mixed

A command generally consists of two or more corps. A corps has Army divisions under its command. The corps HQ is the highest field formation in the army.





















DIVISION

Usually consists of 15000 combat troops and 8000 support elements. IA has 37 divisions. Each divisions composes of several brigades.

BRIGADE

Consists of 3000 combat troops. It has 3 infantry battalions along with various support arms and services.

BATTALION

It is the infantry's main fighting unit. It consists more than 900 combat personnel.



COMPANY

Headed by major or captain. It comprises of 120 soldiers

PLATOON

Total strength of about 32 troops.

SECTION

Smallest military outfit with 10 personnel.







Indian navy is the naval branch of the armed forces of India.

The primary objective is to secure the nation's maritime borders.

India also uses its navy to enhance its international relations.

Commander in chief- president of India.

Chief of naval staff- Admiral Karambir Singh (awarded by PVSM,AVSM, ADC)











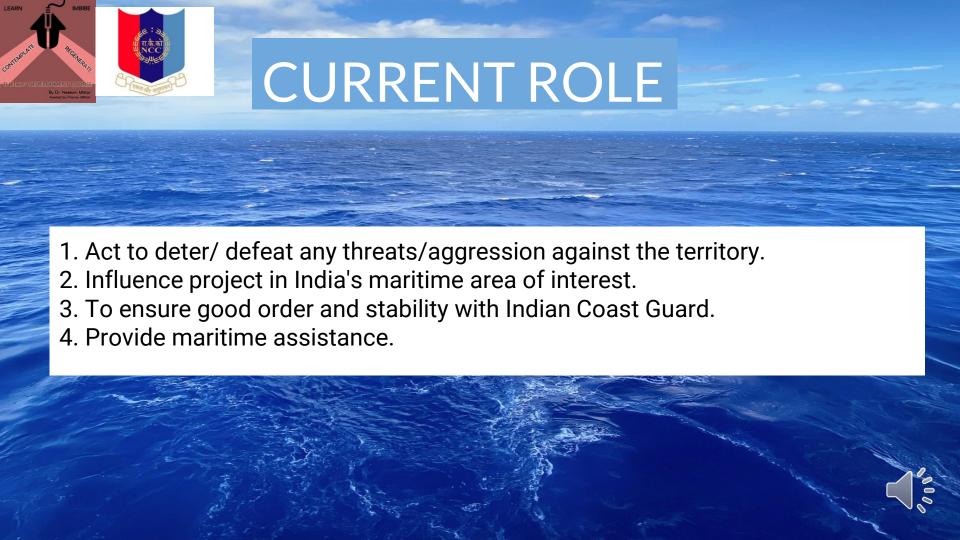
Command and Organisation

Indian navy operates in 3 commands.

Each command is headed by a flag officer commanding in chief of the rank of Vice Admiral.

Eastern and western command- commanded by a rear admiral Southern naval-home to the Flag Officer, Sea training.









Naval training centres

Principal training unit- kochi

Impart training in gunnery, navigation, anti-submarine warfare, communication, aviation, etc.

Other major training establishment are-

- Naval academy, goa
- INS Chilka, orissa
- INS Shivaji, Lonavala, etc













the Fleet



Commander



NON-COMMISSIONED AND JUNIOR COMMISSIONED RANKS















Master Chief

Master Chief Petty Officer I Petty Officer II

Chief Petty Officer

Petty Officer

Leading Seamen

Seamen I

Seamen II







Indian air force is the air arm of the indian armed forces.

Its primary responsibility is to secure Indian airspace and to conduct aerial warfare during a conflict.

Current chief of air staff is Air Chief Marshal Rakesh Kumar Singh Bhadauria who is awarded by PVSM,AVSM,VM, ADC











Indian air force is divided into 5 operational and 2 functional commands.

Each command is headed by an Air officer commanding-in-chief with the rank of Air Marshal.

Purpose of operational command- to conduct military operations using aircrafts within its area of responsibility.

Purpose of functional command- to maintain combat readiness Operational commands

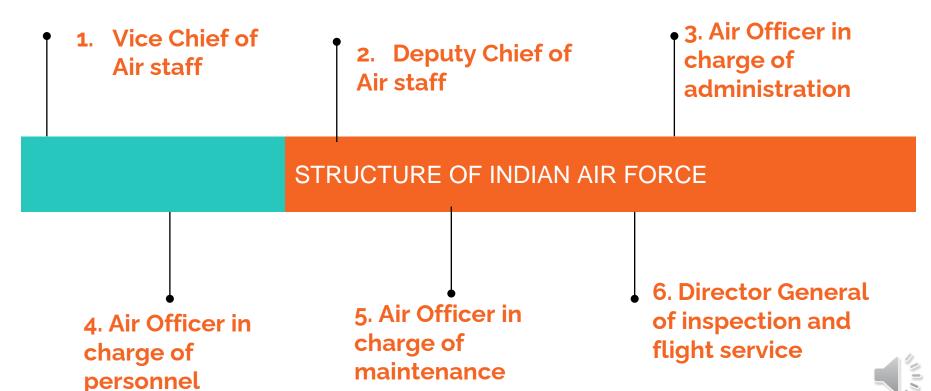
- → Central air command, uttar pradesh
- → Eastern air command, Meghalaya
- → Southern air command, kerala
- → South western air command, gujarat
- → Western air command, new delhi
- → Training commands, karnataka
- → Maintenance command, maharashtra







Notional commander in chief- president of India. Commander of Indian air force- Chief of air staff







COMMISSIONED RANKS IN INDIAN AIR FORCE



'Honorary/War time rank.



NON-COMMISSIONED AND JUNIOR COMMISSIONED RANKS

