

fxTsignals  
Month wise Performance

**APRIL - 2018**

SIGNAL	OPEN PRICE	DECISION	TAKE PROFIT	STOP LOSS	PROFIT/LOSS	PIPs COUNT	DATE
EURUSD	1.23189	BUY	1.23389	.....		20	02/04/2018
GBPJPY	149.348	BUY	149.758	149		41	02/04/2018
GBPJPY	149.348	BUY	149.624	148.81		27	04/04/2018
USDJPY	106.346	BUY	106.547	105.749		20	04/04/2018
EURJPY	131.514	BUY	131.823	131.1		41	09/04/2018
EURUSD	1.22847	BUY	1.23192	1.22471		34	09/04/2018
EURJPY	131.686	BUY	131.936	131.299		25	10/04/2018
GBPUSD	1.41886	BUY	1.42105	1.41389		49	11/04/2018
EURJPY	132.445	SELL	132.264	132.899		18	17/04/2018
GBPUSD	1.43057	BUY	1.43247	1.42946		-11	17/04/2018
GBPUSD	1.42373	SELL	1.41837	1.42839		53	18/04/2018
EURUSD	1.22356	SELL	1.22144	1.22811		45	23/04/2018
USDJPY	108.053	BUY	108.255	107.677		20	23/04/2018
GBPJPY	151.881	BUY	152.214	151.347		33	24/04/2018
EURUSD	1.22216	SELL	1.21849	1.22599		36	25/04/2018
EURJPY	133.19	SELL	132.566	133.731		62	26/04/2018
GBPJPY	150.286	SELL	149.908	150.72		37	30/04/2018
EURJPY	132.163	SELL	131.946	132.589		21	30/04/2018

**Summary of 'APRIL - 2018'**

Total Signals - 18  
Total Profitable Signals - 17

Total Pips Earn : 582-11 = 571

## fxTsignals Month wise Performance

**APRIL - 2018**

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1. **Introduction:** The document discusses the importance of understanding the relationship between the variables in a regression model, particularly in the context of the "Economics" dataset. It highlights the need to interpret the coefficients and the overall fit of the model.

2. **Model Specification:** The model is specified as a linear regression, where the dependent variable is the "log(wage)" and the independent variables are "education", "experience", and "tenure". The model is estimated using the following equation:

$$\log(\text{wage}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{education} + \beta_2 \text{experience} + \beta_3 \text{tenure} + \epsilon$$

3. **Results:** The results of the regression analysis are presented in the following table:

Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	t-statistic	p-value
Intercept	1.12	0.05	22.40	< 0.001
education	0.08	0.01	8.00	< 0.001
experience	0.05	0.01	5.00	< 0.001
tenure	0.02	0.01	2.00	0.045

4. **Conclusion:** The results indicate that the variables "education", "experience", and "tenure" are all positively and significantly related to the log of the wage. The coefficient for "education" is the largest, suggesting that education has the most significant impact on wages. The coefficient for "tenure" is the smallest, indicating that tenure has a smaller impact on wages compared to education and experience.