

# **High-Income Taxpayers**

#### iTax Company

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#### **High-Income Taxpayers**

In addition to being subject to higher federal tax rates, taxpayers whose income exceeds certain levels have tax deductions and credits that are reduced or eliminated.

The provisions listed may have additional qualifications and restrictions. Other provisions of the tax code, such as fringe benefit limitations and taxation on the sale of a principal residence, may further restrict a taxpayer's ability to take deductions or cause the taxpayer to pay additional tax. Ask your tax professional for more details.

## **Capital Gain Tax Rates**

Long-Term Capital Gain and Qualified Dividend Income Maximum Tax Rates			
Taxable Income Maximum Rate	Taxable Income Maximum Rate		
Single	MFJ or QW		
\$0 to \$39,3750%	\$0 to \$78,7500%		
\$39,376 to \$434,55015%	\$78,751 to \$488,85015%		
\$434,551 and over20%	\$488,851 and over 20%		
нон	MFS		
\$0 to \$52,7500%	\$0 to \$39,3750%		
\$52,751 to \$461,70015%	\$39,376 to \$244,42515%		
\$461,701 and over 20%	\$244,426 and over 20%		
Estates and Trusts			
\$0 to \$2,650			
\$2,651 to \$12,95015%			
\$12,951 and over			

# Itemized Deductions and Personal Exemptions

**Taxes paid.** The itemized deduction for state and local taxes is limited to \$10,000 (\$5,000 MFS). Foreign real property taxes are no longer deductible.

**Home mortgage interest.** A taxpayer may treat no more than \$750,000 as acquisition indebtedness (\$375,000 MFS). The \$1,000,000 (\$500,000 MFS) limitation continues to apply for any indebtedness incurred prior to December 15, 2017.

The deduction for home equity indebtedness (other than acquisition debt) is no longer allowed.

**Personal exemptions.** The deduction for personal exemptions is suspended for tax years 2018 through 2025.

## Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)

IRA Individual Contribution Limits		
	2019	2018
Under age 50	\$6,000	\$5,500
Age 50 or older	\$7,000	\$6,500

#### Traditional IRA Phaseout Based on Modified AGI (MAGI)

If an individual is an active participant in an employersponsored pension plan, the deduction for a traditional IRA contribution is phased out when MAGI is between the following.

Tax Year	MFJ	Single, HOH	MFS
2019	\$103,000 to \$123,000	\$64,000 to \$74,000 .	\$0 to \$10,000
2018	\$101,000 to \$121,000	\$63,000 to \$73,000 .	\$0 to \$10,000

If the individual is not an active participant, but the spouse is, the non-active participant's deduction is phased out when modified AGI is between the following.

Tax Year	MFJ	MFS
2019	\$193,000 to \$203,000	\$0 to \$10,000
2018	\$189,000 to \$199,000	\$0 to \$10,000



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Roth IRA Phaseouts			
	2019	2018	
MFJ or QW	\$193,000 to \$203,000	\$189,000 to \$199,000	
Single, HOH, or MFS*	\$122,000 to \$137,000	\$120,000 to \$135,000	
MFS	\$0 to \$10,000	\$0 to \$10,000	
*MFS and did not live with spouse during the year.			

# Retirement Savings Contribution Credit (Saver's Credit)

2019 Retirement Savings Contribution Credit Percentage			
Rate	MFJ	нон	Single, QW, MFS
50%	\$0 - \$38,500	\$0 – \$28,875	\$0 – \$19,250
20%	\$38,501 – \$41,500	\$28,876 – \$31,125	\$19,251 – \$20,750
10%	\$41,501 – \$64,000	\$31,126 – \$48,000	\$20,751 – \$32,000
0%	Over \$64,000	Over \$48,000	Over \$32,000

Up to a maximum credit of \$1,000.

#### **Child Tax Credit**

**AGI phaseout.** The credit (up to \$2,000 per qualifying child) is reduced by \$50 for each \$1,000 of modified AGI above:

- \$400,000 Married Filing Jointly.
- \$200,000 Single, Head of Household, Qualifying Widow(er), or Married Filing Separately.

#### **Credit for Other Dependents**

A nonrefundable credit of up to \$500 is allowed for dependents other than a qualifying child for the Child Tax Credit.

### **Adoption Expenses**

2019 maximum credit	\$14,080
2019 maximum exclusion	\$14,080
AGI phaseout	\$211,160 - \$251,160
Unused credit carryforward	

This brochure contains general information for taxpayers and should not be relied upon as the only source of authority.

Taxpayers should seek professional tax advice for more information.

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#### Additional Medicare Tax

#### **Increased Medicare Tax on Earned Income**

The employee portion of the hospital insurance (Medicare) tax is increased by an additional tax of 0.9% on wages received in excess of the threshold amount. However, unlike the general 1.45% hospital insurance (Medicare) tax on wages, this additional tax is on the combined wages of the employee and the employee's spouse, in the case of a joint return.

#### **Medicare Tax on Unearned Income**

**Individuals.** The tax is 3.8% of the lesser of net investment income or the excess of modified adjusted gross income over the threshold amount.

Threshold Amount	
Joint return or surviving spouse	\$250,000
Married individual filing separately	\$125,000
All other tax filers	\$200,000

#### **Education Benefits**

2019 Education Benefits Comparison Chart			
	Benefit	Annual Limit	Modified AGI Phaseout
American Opportunity/ Hope Credit	40% of the credit may be refundable (limited to \$1,000).	\$2,500 credit per student.	\$80,000 - \$90,000 \$160,000 - \$180,000 (MFJ)
Lifetime Learning Credit	Tax credit (non- refundable).	\$2,000 credit per tax return.	\$58,000 - \$68,000 \$116,000 - \$136,000 (MFJ)
Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA)	Tax-free earnings.	\$2,000 contribution per beneficiary.	\$95,000 - \$110,000 \$190,000 - \$220,000 (MFJ)
U.S. Savings Bond Interest Exclusion	Tax-free interest.	Amount of qualified education expenses.	\$81,100-\$96,100 \$121,600-\$151,600 (MFJ)
Student Loan Interest Deduction	Above-the-line tax deduction.	\$2,500 deduction.	\$70,000-\$85,000 \$140,000-\$170,000 (MFJ)

## **Contact Us**

There are many events that occur during the year that can affect your tax situation. Preparation of your tax return involves summarizing transactions and events that occurred during the prior year. In most situations, treatment is firmly established at the time the transaction occurs. However, negative tax effects can be avoided by proper planning. Please contact us in advance if you have questions about the tax effects of a transaction or event, including the following:

- Pension or IRA distributions.
- Significant change in income or deductions.
- Job change.
- Marriage.
- Attainment of age 59½ or 70½.
- Sale or purchase of a business.
- Sale or purchase of a residence or other real estate.
- · Retirement.
- Notice from IRS or other revenue department.
- Divorce or separation.
- Self-employment.
- Charitable contributions of property in excess of \$5,000.