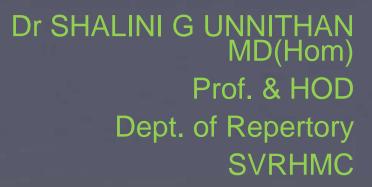
## Why This Subject

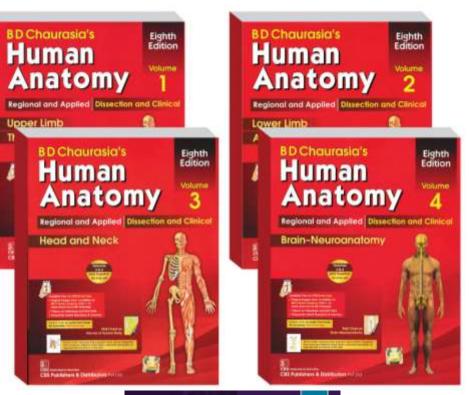


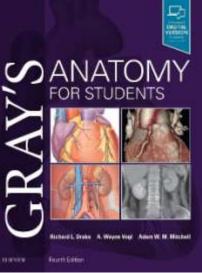
## WHERE WE ALL STARTED....

- ANATOMY
- PHYSIOLOGY
- HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY
- ORGANON OF MEDICINE
- MATERIA MEDICA

#### ANATOMY

APPLIED/ CLINICAL







## Study drugs related to anatomy

- Aethusa GIT
  - Apis GUT
- Dulcamara Skin

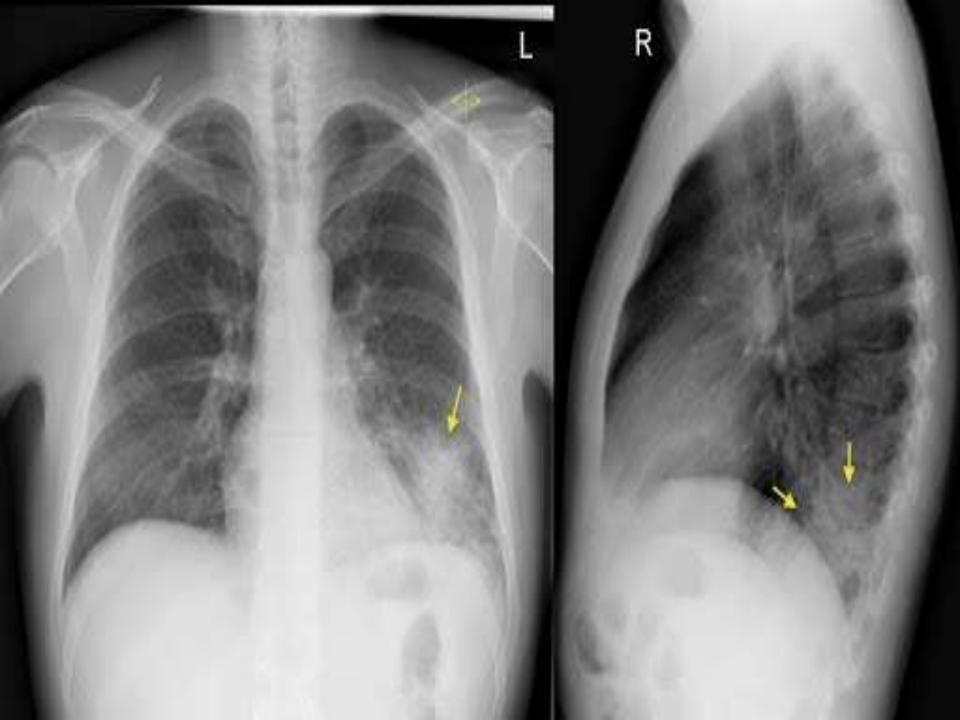
## • ELEMENTS OF SYMPTOMS ??

### LOCATION

• Pain deep in Lt Hypochondrium around R 9, 10, 11



 Stitching pains in liver, spleen (Ceanothus) and abdomen



 Sycotic pneumonia: lower lobe of left lung; great soreness of chest, during cough, has to sit up in bed and hold the chest with both hands (Nic. - rt lung, Bry.)

## APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

 Helps us know what is normal and what is abnormal

## PULSE

 Epileptic spasms, with clenched thumbs, red face, eyes turned downwards, pupils fixed and dilated; foam at the mouth, jaws locked; pulse small, hard, quick.

## HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY



## PHARMACY & MATERIA MEDICA

- Nux vomica and Ignatia belong to family Loganiaceae and are inimical to each other.
- Belladonna and Dulcamara belong to Solanaceae and are inimical to each other.
- Snake venoms belong to the same family and have similarity in action, but do not follow each other well.



- ..... grows in a soil rich in calcium carbonate.
  Hence Calcarea carb is complementary to it.
- .....is a spider that comes out when

drums are beaten. So it is s



## PATHOLOGY

- Atrophy, Induration, Inflammation
- Consolidation, Necrosis, Gangrene.....
- Immunity
- Staphylococcus, E coli....

- Haemorrhagic diathesis, fluid blood and degeneration of red blood-corpuscles; ulcerations tend to gangrene
- Muscular atrophy from sclerosis of spinal

system

#### **KNOWLEDGE OF PATHOLOGY HELPS IN**

- CORRECT UNDERSTANDING OF MATERIA MEDICA
- PATHOLOGICAL PRESCRIPTION
- SELECTION OF POTENCY
- REPETITION SCHEDULE
- SELECTION OF INTERCURRENT REMEDIES

#### PATHOLOGY HELPS IN IDENTIFYING DOMINANT MIASM

- PSORA HYPERSENSITIVITY
- SYCOSIS PROLIFERATION
- SYPHILIS DEGENERATION



## Wrist Joint

- Colle's fracture
  - \* It is especially indicated in tardy dentition and troubles incident to that period, bone disease
     non-union of fractured bones, and the anemias after acute diseases and chronic wasting diseases.



## FORENSIC MEDICINE

#### ALLERGIES & TOXICITY

- Has powers of antidoting snake-bites and stings of insects
- ..... is one of the chief antidotes for lead poisoning; painter's colic; ailments from lead.
- ..... antidotes nearly every vegetable medicine; also tobacco, fruits containing prussic acid, poisonous mushrooms; should not be allowed in the sick room in its crude form





ABDOMEN - SPLEEN, complaints of: (70) abies-c. abrot. *Agar.* alum. *Am-c.* am-m. anac. arn. ARS. *Ars-i.* ASAF. *Borx. Bry.* calc-p. camph. *Cann-s. Canth.* caps. carb-an. carb-v. caust. CEAN. cedr. cham. chel. CHIN. coc-c. colch. con. *Dios. Dulc. Ferr. Ferr-m.* gran. IGN. *Iod.* jug-r. kali-n. *Laur.* mag-c. mag-m. mang. merc. mez. *Mur-ac. Nat-act. Nat-m.* nit-ac. *Nux-v.* ph-ac. phos. *Plat. Plb.* psor. RAN-B. rhod. rhus-t. *Ruta* sars. sil. squil. *Stann.* SUL-AC. sulph. thuj. *Urt-u.* valer. verat. verb. *Zinc.*

 Purpose No. 1 - To serve as a REFERENCE & GUIDE in looking up for a particular s/m that may indicate the similimum



#### **EXTREMITIES - GANGLION**

GANGLION: () (29) Am-c. arn. aur-m. bacls-7. benz-ac. bov. Bry. bufo-s. Calc. calc-f. carb-v. carc. ferr-m. ferr-ma. kali-i. lach. mag-m. ozone ph-ac. Phos. Plb. plb-xyz. rhod. rhus-t. Ruta sil. sulph. thuj. Zinc.

↗ NODULES

R

- SKIN GANGLIA
- 7 GENERALS TUMORS ganglion
- Feet 🧿
- . Back of feet: (2) Bry. plb.
- . Soles 🧿
- .. right:  $\leftrightarrow$  (1) bufo-s.
- Hands: (a) (11) *Am-c.* arn. bacls-7. ozone *Ph-ac.* phos. plb. rhod. ruta **SIL.** zinc.
- . right: ↔ (1) bacls-7.
- . Back of hands: (7) am-c. arn.
- ozone Ph-ac. plb. Sil. zinc.
- . Palms: 🥑 (1) ruta
- Instep, on the: (1) ferr-m.
- Upper limbs: (6) Am-c. Ph-ac.

Phos. Plb. Sil. Zinc.

Anthraci. arn. ARS. bapt. both. calen. carb-ac. Carb-an. Carb-v. Chin. con. Crot-h. cupr. helo. helo-s. iod. LACH. lol. lyc. med. merc. Ph-ac. Phos. Plb. pyrog. ran-b. ran-fl. ric. SEC. solid. verat. verat-v. vip.

- **diabetic:** (6) carb-ac. con. lach. lyc. sec. solid.

- → GENERALS DIABETES MELLITUS accompanied by gangrene
- **spots, in:**  (1) vip.
- swellings, like: (1) anthraci.
- threatened with blue parts: (1) both.
- Feet: (a) (11) ant-c. ant-t. Ars. calen.
- Lach. lol. lyc. merc. ric. SEC. vip.
- . burning, tearing pain: 🔶 (1) SEC.
- . cold: (1) Sec.
- diabetic: to settings to activate Windows.

Purpose No. 2 – To make necessary
 DISTINCTION b/w 2 or more similar
 remedies in any given case



**Relation.** Complementary : to Coffea in fever sleeplessness, intolerance of pain; to Arnica in traumatism; to Sulphur in all cases. Rarely indicated in fevers which bring out eruptions. Aconite is the acute of Sulphur, and both precedes and follows it in acute inflammatory conditions.

Aconitum napellus [acon.]



Aconitum napellus [acon.] acon. mind and sensorium: (24) anac. ars. BELL. bry. calc. cham. cocc. graph. hyos. ign. lach. *Lyc.* merc. mosch. *Nat-m.* nux-v. op. Phos. Puls. rhus-t. Sep. Stram. Sulph. Verat. acon. parts of the body and organs: (47) arn. Ars. BELL. BRY. CALC. canth. Carb-v. caust. CHAM. CHIN. cocc. con. dig. dros. dulc. graph. *Hep. Hyos.* IGN. Ip. kali-c. LYC. MERC. nat-c. Nat-m. nit-ac. NUX-V. op. petr. ph-ac. PHOS. plat. plb. PULS. RHUS-T. ruta sabad. sec. <u>SEP.</u> Sil. Spig. stann. staph. stram. SULPH. VERAT. zinc. acon. sensations and complaints acon. external parts of body and internal organs in general: (35) Arn. ARS. asaf. bar-c. BELL. BRY. CALC. canth. carb-v. caust. Cham. Chin. cocc.

ferr. hyos. *Ign. Kali-c.* LYC. *Merc.* nat-c. *Nat-m.* nit-ac. <u>NUX-V.</u> ph-ac. PHOS.

plat. PULS. RHUS-T. SEP. Sil. Spig. staph. stram. SULPH. verat. - acon. glands: (7) BELL. bry. lyc. MERC. PHOS. puls. Sulph. - acon. bones: (7) Bell. calc. lyc. MERC. phos. *Puls.* sulph. - acon. skin: (26) am-c. arn. Ars. BELL. BRY. caust. cham. dulc. hep. ip. kali-c. lach. Lyc. MERC. mez. nit-ac. nux-v. ph-ac. Phos. PULS. RHUS-T. sec. sep. Sil. Staph. SULPH. acon. sleep and dreams: (26) anac. Ars. Bell, BRY, Calc. caust. cham. Chin. con. graph. Hep. Ign. Kali-c. lach. lyc. merc. nat-c. Nux-v. op. ph-ac. PHOS. Puls. Rhus-t. Sep. Sil. SULPH. acon. fever, circulation, perspiration, etc.: (35) arn. Ars. BELL. BRY. Calc. carb-v. Cham. chin. cupr. ferr. Hep. hyos. ign. iod. ip. kali-c. kreos. Lyc. MERC. Nat-m. nit-ac. NUX-V. Op. Ph-ac. PHOS. Puls. RHUS-T. samb. sec. Sep. Sil. stann. Stram. Sulph. Verata Windows acon. change of general state vata Windows Purpose No. 3 – To refer OTHER REMEDIES
 for a known indication

• പത്രത്തിൽ കോവിഡ് മരണ വാർത്ത കേട്ടതിൽ പിന്നെ മനസ്സിന് ആകെ ഒരു



 So through this subject we study how to SEARCH for a KEY WORD in a book, which is arranged very LOGICALLY & SYSTEMATICALLY like an INDEX or simply a Dictionary " എനിക്ക് കഴിഞ്ഞ ആഴ്ച ഡോക്ടർ തന്ന ആ ഗുളിക വേണ്ട. പൊടി തന്നാൽ മതി. പിന്നെ ഒരു ECG എടുക്കാൻ എഴുതി തരണം "



• കുട്ടികൾ കളിക്കുന്നതും ബഹളം വയ്ക്കുന്നതും ഒന്നും എന്റെ ഭർത്താവിന് ഇഷ്ടമല്ല. എനിക്കും കുട്ടികൾക്കും ഒരു അഭിപ്രായവും ഇല്ല. എല്ലാ തീരുമാനങ്ങളും അദ്ദേഹം ആണ് എടുക്കുന്നത്

- Patients may use different words and descriptions to express the same thing
- This must be translated & searched in the exact wording of the MM as the language of the Patient is different from the language of the MM

- The language of the Repertory is little different from language of MM because the REPERTORY USES A MORE LIMITED VOCABULARY.
- In Repertory the CORE OF THE EXPRESSED
  SYMPTOMS or idea will be found in one way or other

- If we cant understand clearly the idea, consulting the repertory becomes a laborious task.
- For each symptom, we would have to think of all possible synonym and similar ways of expressing the same thing

# • The INTELLIGENT USE OF THE REPERTORY can considerably lighten the work of the prescriber and also make prescribing more precise

- Ms X, 15 yrs suffering from chilliness since y'day night. Complaints started after getting drenched in rain. She has also slight pain in right ear since y'day. All other generals are normal.
- Temp: 99.8 F

## Why we Use Repertory

- MM has more than 5000 remedies
- Each remedy has 100s & 1000s of s/m
- Impossible to remember all symptoms
- Physician who does not want to fail will take the aid of the repertory which is a most useful and comprehensive aid.

#### **Relation between Repertory and Materia Medica**

- understanding practical utility of repertory for prescribing.
- To know the concept of Materia Medica as a base of repertory
- Concept of repertory increases the knowledge of Materia Medica.
- To know advantages of Materia Medica over repertory for final prescription.
- To understand that repertory is not a substitute for Materia Medica or other wise.

## How to find the remedy in Repertory

- Decide on the repertory, completely master its arrangement, for the most rapid work and for best results.
- Only by constant use, can the repertory be a companion and helper.

## How to find the symptom

- The symptoms given or observed in the patients must be searched in repertory for the EXACT WORDS given by the patient or some other words
   SIMILAR, SYNONYMS OR PHRASES
  - Eg If the patient complains that his leg

feels "dead"

# Relation of Repertory with Organon & philosophy

• Basics of repertorisation starts from case taking,

disease classification, analysis, evaluation, forming totality

• In Finding out Miasmatic background, Posology, second prescription etc thus helping in planning

the entire therapeutic programme

 Understanding the importance of Organon helps to know different aspects of Case taking in different types of cases and for finding similimum through repertory In relation to **PHILOSOPHY** – helps to understand the <u>different concepts of totality</u> according to different stalwarts

Understanding Different concepts of totality helps in knowing construction and philosophies of different repertories • MATERIA MEDICA, - Literature

• HOMOEOPATHIC PHILOSOPHY,-Grammar

• REPERTORY is the Dictionary/Index.,