

Prof. & HOD

Dept of Repertory

SVRHMC, Nemom

- Officer denied requisition form for leave and instructed the employee to attend his duty
- The employee said to officer, "I wont attend. You do whatever you can if you dare to do so."

# DEFIANT K

- Directly refuse to obey the authority and their decisions due to some reason and also challenge them boldly
- "I will not accept your order. Do whatever you can do"
- He rejects even a pain of punishment

### DISOBEDIENCE K

- Rebellious children & adolescents who revolt against authority
- They disregard rules & orders
- No respect to anyone
- Don't like 'NO's
- Don't obey at school and do what they please

# REBELLIOUS S

- Defiant don't go further to change the system or rules
- But the other group not only disobey the rules or authority but also proceed further fighting against the system or regulations completely/ challenging them
- To oppose by force an established rule & ruling authority in family and society. CAUST, Carc

- Harilal Gandhi, eldest son of Gandhiji was involved in the Indian independence movement, and was imprisoned several times and his willingness to endure these sentences earned him the nickname of 'Chhote (Little) Gandhi'.
- He too wanted to go to England for higher studies, hoping to become a barrister as his father. His father however firmly opposed this, believing that a Western-style education would not be helpful in the struggle against British rule over India, leading to tensions between father and son. Eventually against his father's decision, in 1911 Harilal rejected all family ties.

The word 'Anarchist' is too disapproving. These people don't accept the *government*, *law or rule* those are made to control others, because they think that those are unnecessary. They may even create an agitation in society.

People, who don't accept authority of others, personally don't want to be controlled by others, i.e. by an individual. But it is not about government, laws or rules, unlike the 'anarchist'. They don't disobey rules, laws and government authority. It is usually due to 'haughtiness'. They can't accept someone's control over their action or behaviour. For example, a girl desiring for going to a pub doesn't like the opposition of parents.

### **REVOLUTIONARY** S

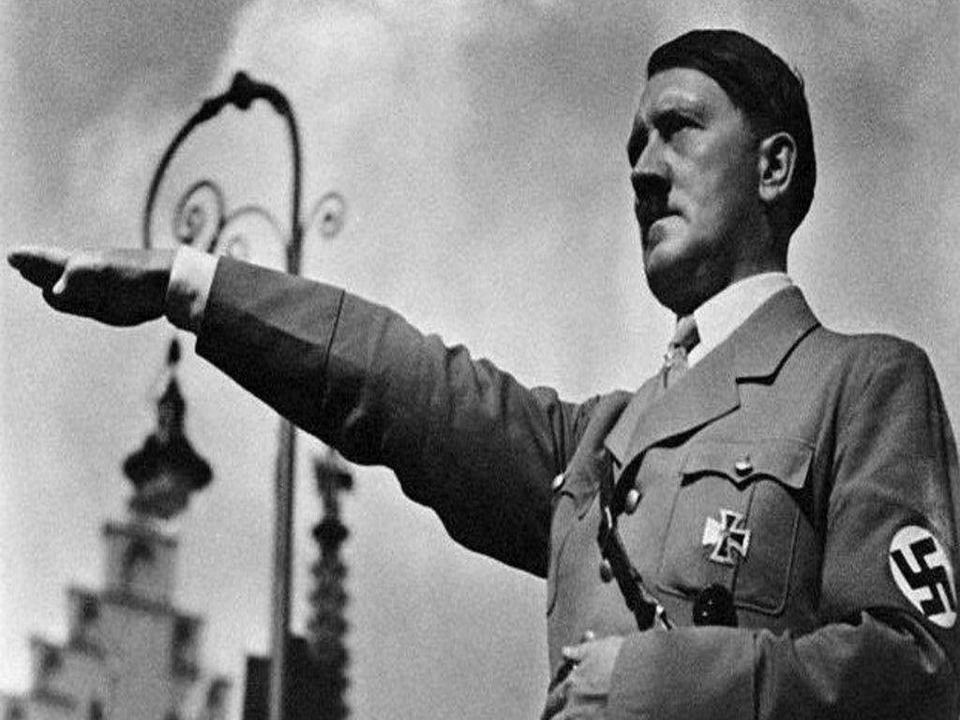
- Fights against ruling power
- They try to change the political system or existing government usually by force; or by non-violence

'Disobedient' person just refuses to do what someone in authority tells him to do.

'Defiant' person not only disobeys the authority but also challenges him with strong resistance having a sense, 'do whatever you can do, I will not obey your order', but they don't go further to change the system or rules.

On the other hand the 'rebellious' people not only disobey the rule /order/ people in authority but also proceed further fighting against the system or those rules and regulations to change them completely.

'Revolutionary' people try to change the political system or the existing government usually by using force (sometimes by non-violence).



## DICTATORIAL K

- He thinks that his thought is right, and he doesn't accept anyone's opinion about it.
- These people try to control other people/ force
  them to obey their order without considering their
  feelings or ideas
- They impose their thoughts which are disliked by others



- DICTATORIAL K wants to impose his will on others and force them to obey
  - Gives direction to others in everything which annoy others
  - -POWER, love of K: (1) lyc.
- DOGMATIC /DOMINEERING <sup>K</sup> (b.r) they have a conviction that what he thinks or believes is right and expects others to accept them with out arguing; he may not impose it on others

# FANATICISM K

- Passionately enthusiastic in support of an idea.
   Greater validity of an objection, more aggressive he becomes.
- A person with <u>Ardent belief</u> not only on religious subjects but in politics, or certain other beliefs.
   SUL, Thoja, Rob, Lach

- MIND FANATICISM: K (5) caust. rob. sel. sulph. Thuj.
- MIND RELIGIOUS affections fanaticism: K (4)
   rob. sel. sulph. thuj.

• PIETY, nocturnal: K (1) stram



- ശ്രീ പദ്മനാഭ സ്വാമിയോടുള്ള തീവ്രമായ ഭക്തിയും വിധേയത്വവും കാരണം ഭരണാധികാരം തന്നെ തൃജിക്കാൻ സന്നദ്ധനായി ശ്രീചിത്തിര തിരുനാൾ മഹാരാജാവ്
- പുതിയ സംസ്ഥാനത്തിന്റെ രാജപ്രമുഖനായി മഹാരാജാവിനെ നിശ്ചയിച്ചു. ഭരണഘടനയോട് വിധേയത്വം പ്രഖ്യാപിച്ച് പ്രതിജ്ഞ ചെയ്യേണ്ടതിനാൽ ശ്രീപദ്മനാഭദാസനായ അദ്ദേഹം സ്ഥാനത്യാഗം ചെയ്തുകൊള്ളാം എന്നും ഇന്ത്യ ഗവൺമെന്റിനെ അറിയിച്ചു. ഭരണഘടനയോട് കൂറോ വിധേയത്വമോ പ്രഖ്യാപിച്ചു കൊണ്ടുള്ള സത്യപ്രതിജ്ഞ വേണ്ടെന്നും പകരം ഭരണഘടന സംരക്ഷിച്ചു കൊള്ളാം എന്ന ഉറപ്പു നൽകി ഇന്ത്യ ഗവണ്മെന്റിനു കത്തെഴുതിയാൽ മതിയെന്നും ഇളവ് നൽകി



 കുട്ടി വിചാരിച്ച കാര്യം ചെയ്യാൻ സമ്മതിച്ചില്ലെങ്കിൽ മുൻപിൽ കണ്ട സാധനങ്ങൾ എല്ലാം ചവിട്ടി പൊട്ടിക്കുക, നശിപ്പിക്കുക

### OBSTINATE K

- Remain stuck to what they want or think to do and don't change them at all despite argument or persuasion, which may annoy others
- stubbornly refuses to change one's opinion or course of action.
- will not listen to anyone or anything

- OBSTINATE against whatever was proposed, he had the queerest objection: <sup>K</sup> (1) ARG-N.
- OBSTINATE children, . yet cry when kindly spoken to: (1) sil.
- OBSTINATE children, . chilly refractory and clumsy: Caps.
- OBSTINATE children,- inclined to grow fat: K(1) CALC.
- OBSTINATE declares there is nothing the matter with him:<sup>K</sup>
   (2) apis ARN.

- Self willed persons
- May end in negative reaction like rage, suicidal attempt etc
- Usually used in bad/ negative sense
  - -PERTINACITY K / PERSEVERENCE B in Good sense

 എന്ത് പറഞ്ഞാലും തർക്കുത്തരം പറയുക. എത്ര അടി കൊടുത്താലും നിന്ന് കൊള്ളും. കരയത്തേയില്ല

- These are persons who can not tolerate any contradiction or opposition to what they have said or whatever they do or any work they tell somebody to do.
- Usually these people are dominating natured people, and also Egoistic.
- They say "I want everything to be done perfectly and according to my advice, otherwise I will get irritable easily" and if anyone comes and interferes it, I can't tolerate.

### CONTRADICTION

- CONTRADICTION DISPOSITION K
  - —A tendency to oppose or contradict the speech, actions or versions of anybody with arguments and by using his intellect. (തർക്കുത്തരം പറയുക)
  - —A patient while talking to the doctor does not accept the diagnosis and advances certain arguments, as it is his nature to contradict.

#### CONTRADICTION – INTOLERANCE OF K

- —Persons who cannot tolerate any contradiction to what they have said. This intolerance is supported by anger / weeping
- -Will not receive suggestions
- SUGGESTIONS, will not receive K : Helon.

#### CONTRARY K

-People deliberately doing the opposite of what is said or wished

വിഡിയോ ഗെയിമിന് അടിമയായ ഒരു കുട്ടിയെ തന്റെ സുഹൃത്തിന്റെ അരികിൽ കൗൺസിലിങ്ങിന് കൊണ്ടുവന്ന ഒരു സംഭവം ഡോക്ടർ വിഡിയോയിൽ പറയുന്നുണ്ട്. ആ കുട്ടിയുടെ ടാബ് വാങ്ങി മേശവലിപ്പിൽ വച്ചിട്ട്, ഇനി വരുമ്പോൾ തിരികെത്തരാം എന്ന് അവനോടു പറഞ്ഞു. പിന്നീട് അവിടെ നടന്നത് അദ്ദേഹത്തെപ്പോലും പരിഭ്രാന്തിയിലാക്കിയ സംഭവമായിരുന്നു. ആ ഒൻപതാം ക്ലാസുകാരൻ ക്ലിനിക്കിലെ മേശയുടെ ഗ്ലാസ് അടിച്ചു പൊട്ടിച്ചു. ടാബ് ഇപ്പോൾ തിരിച്ചുതന്നില്ലെങ്കിൽ ക്ലിനിക് അടിച്ച് തകർക്കുമെന്നു ഭീഷണിയായി. ആ ബാലനെ ശാന്തനാക്കാൻ അദ്ദേഹത്തിനത് തിരികെ കൊടുക്കേണ്ടിവന്നു.

- Contradiction intolerant of
  - can't tolerate his views being opposed; Argues
- Defiant
  - bold resistance to an opposing force or authority in an aggressive way; but not go for changing rules
- Rebellious
  - disobey the rules or authority; fights against the system completely
- Revolutionary
  - They try to change the political system or existing government usually by force; or by non-violence

- Obstinacy
  - —Self willed persons, Remain stuck to what they want :
    They react too much
- Pertinacity
  - -Persistent till completion; adherence

#### DICTATORIAL

—wants to impose his will on others and force them to obey; annoy others; ARBITRARY M

# • DOGMATIC / DOMINEERING

—he thinks he is right and expects others to accept them with out arguing; may not impose

