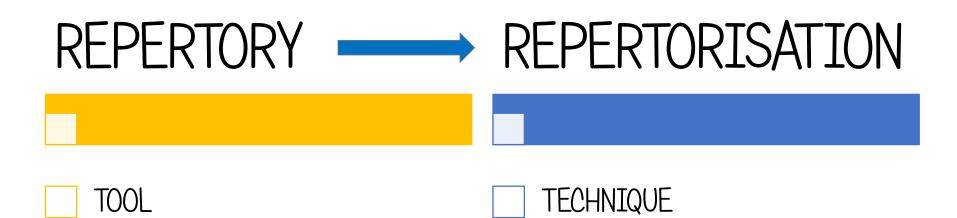


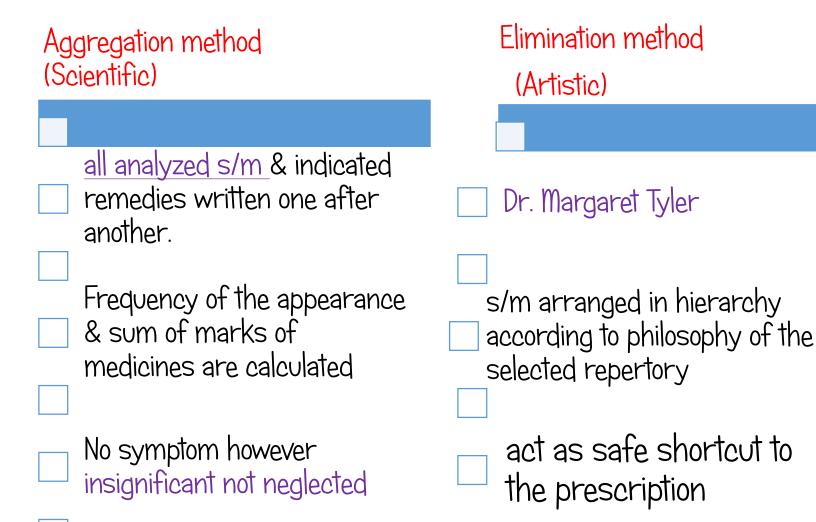
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#### Repertorisation – A technique of finding out the most similar medicine of a case with help of a repertory following some special mathematical calculation

#### Method is the mode or rule of accomplishing an end



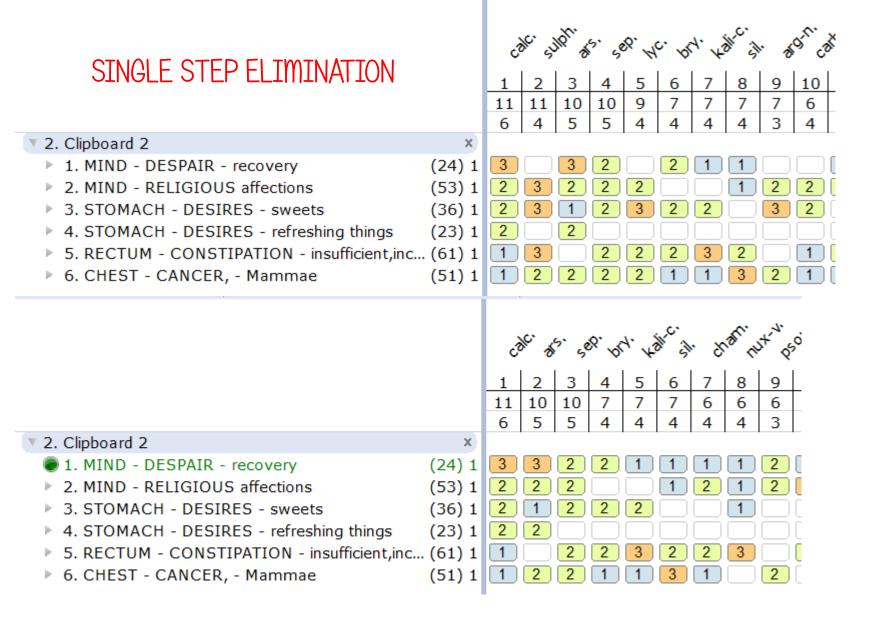
Laborious & time consuming

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- Eliminating symptoms are those symptoms which throw off all the medicines that are not needed for the patient and bring only those medicines which are required for the patient.
- very important because it determines the medicines that compete for the similimum.
  - So act as safe shortcut to the prescription in the hands of the experienced physician.
- Elimination mode can be
  - Single step eliminationCascading elimination

## Single step elimination

- Elimination of the medicine is done only once at the beginning of the exercise.
- Most prominent characteristic symptom is selected as the eliminating symptom
  - The medicines indicated for this are noted down
  - For the next rubric / symptom .only these medicines which are common to the eliminating symptom are considered
  - Medicines outside the eliminating symptom whatever be its grade is not considered for repertorisation.



#### Cascading elimination

- Elimination is carried out through the whole process
- Each symptom became the eliminating symptom for the next symptom
- Extreme caution & care should be taken in structuring the hierarchy of symptoms – arrange in the descending order of importance
- ADVTG : Labor & time consumption greatly reduced
- DIS ADVTG : If one is not thorough & effective while structuring the hierarchy of symptoms, he may fail.

- Working method:
- The medicines in the first symptom / rubrics are noted down. For the second symptom, only the medicines covered by the first symptom are considered. On working out the third symptom only the medicines those are indicated against the second symptom are selected
  - So first symptom is the eliminating to second symptom, second symptom is eliminating for third symptom and so on.
- Thus each symptom is the eliminating symptom for the next symptom.



Hahnemann & Boenninghausen	No mental s/m: particular s/m with concomitants
Boger	Pathological generals
	Ill defined mental symptoms or concomitants ,but only
Physical generals	physical generals
Peculiar S/M	one or more peculiar symptoms with few generals –
	KEYNOTE Rx
Technical nosology	nosological diagnostic terms or lab investigations -
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## Techniques Of Repertorisation

- Thumb finger method / Book mark
- Plain paper method
- Repertory chart / Sheets
- Cards
- Computers

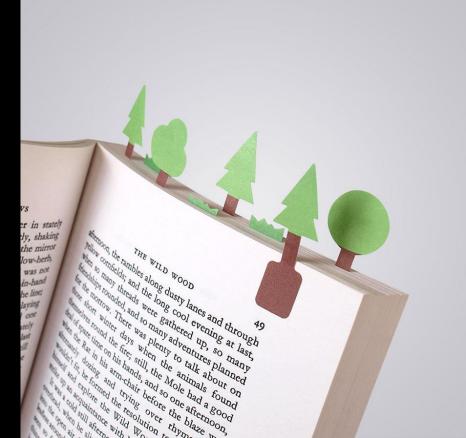
### Thumb finger / book mark technique

- Quick reference in a busy practice, for those who have more experience with the repertory
- Usually 2 or 3 characteristic symptoms are taken.
  - Book marks or thumb & fingers are placed at the pages where the selected rubrics are
    present
  - This rubrics are scanned visually, and the frequently occurring medicines which have higher grades are short listed for selecting the similimum.

#### Advtg

- Useful when the symptoms are less in number
- Useful when the rubrics indicate less number of medicines
- Only mental work
- Time taken is very less, useful for busy practitioners
- Dis advtg
  - Visual errors can leads to failures
  - Little use when number of symptoms are more.





# Plain paper method

- Symptoms are written down on a plain paper, and the indicated remedies are written against them
- Very time consuming for the aggregation method, as each symptoms and its medicines have to be written down.
- But the elimination method can be conveniently and easily worked with the plain paper technique.



## Repertory graph technique

- Simple, more refined and scientific method
- Repertorisation is done on REPERTORY SHEETS
- Will save the time
  - The chart having number of rows and columns
  - Medicines are printed on the first column and the symptoms are written on first row or vice versa
  - The marks scored by the medicines are represented in the blocks at the intersection of the symptoms and the medicines.
  - The similimum is selected on the basis of repertory value.
- Useful for the aggregation method of repertorisation, because time consumption is very less.

It is unnecessary to use this technique for the elimination method for obvious reasons.

#### De merits

- Medicines represented in the sheets are less in number
- Only polychrests are predominantly represented.

1

#### REPERTORISING CHART Name: CASE 4 - COUGHT/COLD

Symptoma:

	1	1.1	1.1	1.1	11	1.1	11	11	64.7	111	1.1	494	11	1010	0.00	601	1.1	11	111	110	14.1	1.1	11
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	10		23	11	899	23	민	125	33	33	33	33	338	186	68	88	22	383	583	23	223		22
5 COMMENT COLD	П	V	T	TT		11	U	TD				14		11			TT	TT	TT	TE	211	TT	$\overline{X}$
2 WITH THOR YOULAND CATAO	11			TT	TT	П	TT	TT	T		8	TT	TT	T				П	П	П			T
x cough	12	V		1	N	10	U.	TV	4	10		14	LA.	1	1	1	13	7.1	И	1.4	11		A.
E - LOOSE MORNINGS			T		TT		TT						T					T		T			T
- DEVATNIGHT					TV		п		2				T L	41			11	П	И				Z.
- WORSE LYING DOWN				M	10								V					21	N				
WHINES				V			TT						T				11					1.1	T
L TEARFUL				V					1	1	24		V										
" WINNITS TO BE CARRIED										1.0			Th	1									
A THORSTLESS			1	64			И										1.			11			
BETTER FOR FRESH AIR.	1				1							14								11			
WORSE FOR HEAT				V.						V												4	
		CALLS.	CALLIN.	CALLS.	ACH.	NC.	AC-M	REC.C.	VAT-C.	SAT-P.	19	NIN.	THOM	000	1K	HAD.	LINEX.	ARS.	22	NI.	ALL NO	NT-U.	FIAT.
COMMON COLD	11	R	70	10	m	57	Đ,	110	æ	1	33	44	77	178	护門	22	-	49	99	49	n ne	22	P?
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LOOSE MORNINGS	1	11	Ŧ	Ηř	r+		Ħ	+ M	-M		- 14	4	99	+ *		- Ki	M-	-19	qq	99	++	+++	M
- NEY AT NIGHT		11	t		H		Ħ		H			++	t	÷۲						++	++	++	H
- WERESE LYING DOWN	-	TT.			H		H	H	H		H	++	19	+t	+	+++	+		-	-13	+++	++	H
WHINES WHINES	-	TT	1			1	tt					-	++	11	+		×	-	-	-19	++	++-	++
TEMPLE	-	tt	+			1					-	-	++	11	++		-			-	++	11	1
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WORSE FOR HEAT				10	a.		1	1.1	V	0 10				TP			11	11	11	tt	111	TT	

### Card system method

- These are repertories which are in the form of PREPARED CARDS
- Each card represent a symptom
- Cards are arranged together and the similimum is found out.
- There is no need of writing down or book markings, only the cards are shuffled together.
- This system is outdated on the arrival of computers.

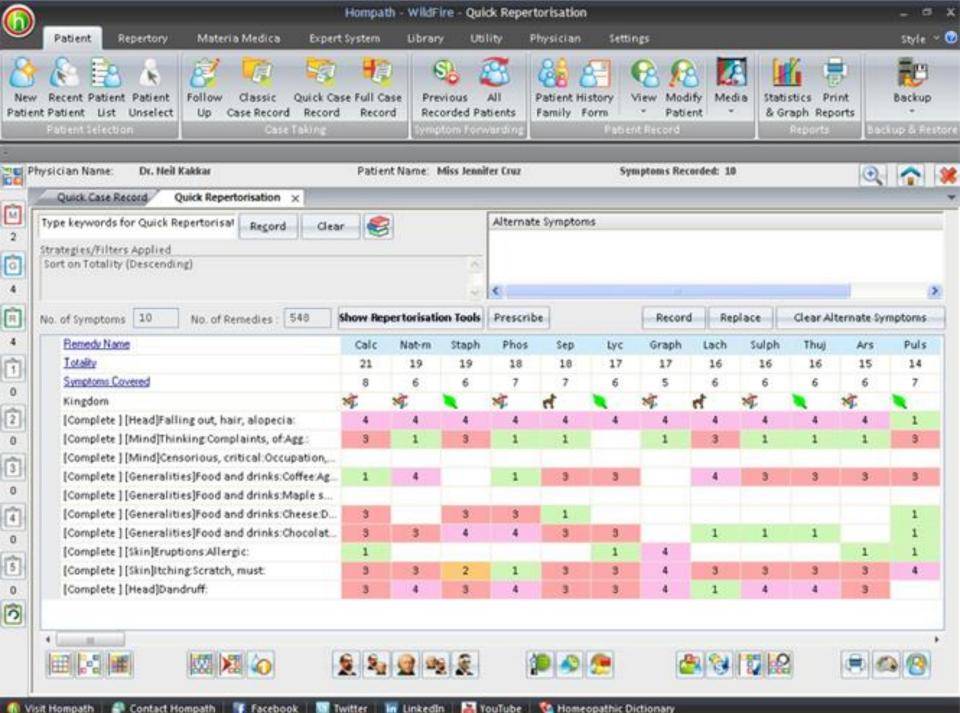
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SPIRO Pocket Homeopathic Calculator Cards

Card size = 23 cms x 19 cms 333 remedies 4000 cards

## Computers

- The utility of computers has extended to the various aspects of Homoeopathic treatment.
- The result of repertorisation can be instantly projected on the screen, with the rubrics repertorised, the medicines indicated and their value in each symptom, also display the repertory value of medicines repertorised.
- The result can also printed as a hard copy on the printer.
- Advantages are limitless, the aggregation method can be conveniently used on the computer.
- De merits: Doctor must have the necessary knowledge and aptitude to use the computer & software



## Dr. Patel's auto visual repertory system

- It is a mechanical device, practically no paper work is required – all automatic, marks are denoted by three different colors
- It has 5505 auto strips and auto visual apparatus having 435 medicines in numerical order from above downwards.
- Each medicine is provided with a code number. Each auto strip has a number on the top representing the rubric / symptom number in auto visual homoeopathic repertory.
- Auto strip is grooved at several places, which represent the medicines, this grooves are in different colors or markings which indicate the gradation of drug in Kent's repertory.