

# IEP and Lesson Plan Development Handbook



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The Kentucky Department of Education's vision is to ensure that all students are empowered with the skills, knowledge and dispositions necessary to reach proficiency and graduate from high school, college and career-ready. The Kentucky Department of Education is using Delivery as a method to establish yearly targets and five-year goals to help schools, districts and our state meet these expectations.

The purpose of IDEA is to ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment, and independent living. (IDEA Regulations, Section 300.1 (a))

In designing an Individual Education Program (IEP) for a student, the ARC must determine specific instructional strategies that the intended implementers must use and the supplementary aids and services that the student needs in order for the student to have access to the general curriculum (KY Core Academic Standards, KCAS).

This handbook was developed by the Division of Learning Services, Diverse Learners Branch in partnership with staff from the Kentucky Education Cooperatives to provide examples of Special Education Services; for example, Specially Designed Instruction (SDI) and Supplementary Aids and Services (SAS) that may be considered to support the student's goals, benchmarks, and short-term objectives within his/her IEP. For more information on the Guidance Document for Individual Education Program (IEP) Development, please see the IEP Guidance and Documents page link [here](#).

Adaptations can be made regarding:

- ☐ the purpose and appropriateness of the task
- ☐ the complexity of the task
- ☐ the size of the task
- ☐ the time allotted
- ☐ the pace
- ☐ the environment
- ☐ the order of learning
- ☐ the procedures and routines
- ☐ the resources and materials
- ☐ the application and demonstration of knowledge
- ☐ the level of support
- ☐ independence, participation, and motivation

Special Education is defined as specially designed instruction, at no cost to the parents, to meet the unique needs of the child with a disability including instruction in the classroom, in the home, in hospitals and institutions, and in other settings 707 KAR 1:002 (56).

## **Section 1: Specially Designed Instruction and Supplementary Aids and Services**

Specially Designed Instruction (SDI) is adapting as appropriate the content, methodology, or delivery of instruction to address the unique needs of the child with a disability and to ensure access of the child to the general curriculum included in the KCAS, 704 KAR 3:303. 707 KAR 1:002 (58).

Methodology as defined in general by the [National Center on Universal Design of Learning](#) is “the instructional decisions, approaches, procedures, or routines that teachers use to accelerate or enhance learning according the goal of instruction” based on learner variability in the context of the task, learner’s social/emotional resources, and the classroom climate.” Methods are flexible and varied dependent upon the learner’s progress that is continually monitored. Content and skills are taught in varied structures through adapted materials, modeling, guided practice, independent practice, and delivered through special education services; such as, assistive technology, supplementary aids, accommodations, and delivered within the Least Restrictive Environment.

Specially Designed Instruction (SDI) should include the [Characteristics of Highly Effective Teaching and Learning \(CHETL\)](#). SDI in its simplest form is “what the teacher does” to instruct, assess, and re-teach for the student to make progress in the general curriculum.

If instruction is required for students to benefit from a material, resource, aid, strategy or service, it should be described as specially designed instruction.

The following are examples of research-based instructional practices.

### **Specially Designed Instruction**

#### **A. Explicit instruction**

Explicit instruction is a systematic instructional approach that includes a set of delivery and design procedures derived from effective schools research merged with behavior analysis. As a part of explicit instruction, teachers monitor student progress to guide decisions for scaffolded supports.

Explicit instruction is a sequence of supports:

1. Setting the Stage for Learning (hook)
2. Clear explanation of what to do
3. Modeling the process (showing)
4. Guided Practice (include check for understanding & provided corrective feedback)
5. Independent Practice (when teacher is confident students will be successful)
6. Assessment/Closure

## Explicit Strategies

Teachers help students learn a new concept or skill more easily by teaching them to follow a set of procedures or steps. The steps should reflect an efficient and effective way to complete a task or apply a concept, much as an expert would do. For example, a teacher who wants students to learn to enter data into an accounting system or to develop plans for constructing a roof, teach a set of steps or procedures to follow using vocabulary students understand. As appropriate, a teacher should begin with a concrete model and demonstrate and describe how each step is accomplished.

Some steps and strategies are too broad. Telling students to “brainstorm before writing” does not provide enough guidance. A more useful strategy provides specific direction in determining the purpose of the communication, using different ways to generate ideas, applying techniques for elaboration, and evaluating the writing plan.

When a new concept or procedure is introduced, the steps should be modeled using a think-aloud technique in which a teacher describes the mental processes and physical actions. As students are expected to apply the new learning, the steps are prompted by using a cue card, a verbal reminder, or physical prompt.

Teachers need to look at the instructional materials and evaluate the use of explicit steps and strategies. If explicit strategies are included:

- Are they clearly described?
- Do they have narrow or broad applications?

Think of the needs of new students.

- Would they be able to use the strategies that are included?
- Would they need more assistance?

Instructional materials may need to be modified by adding steps and strategies, or by changing the ones that are included. Finding strategies that are just right is not an easy task. Try them out with students and revise them if they don't work.

The University of [Kansas Center for Research on Learning](#) has developed the Strategic Instruction Model with Content Enhancement Routines and Learning Strategies to help teachers and students. Several routines center around the learning of concepts (e.g., Concept Mastery, Concept Comparison, Framing Routine), while others help teachers learn how to make information easier to remember (e.g., Recall Enhancement). Students can also be taught strategies to help them with writing assignments (e.g., Sentence Writing, Paragraph Writing, Error Monitoring), reading comprehension (e.g., Paraphrasing, Self-Questioning), and tests (Test Taking). These routines and strategies can work well in career and technical education programs. Contact the Special Education Division of your Regional Education Cooperative for more information about obtaining training in this model.

## **B. Scaffolded Instruction**

Scaffolding was first suggested in the works of educational theorist Lev Vygotsky. It is an effective instructional strategy that has been proven over time.

Scaffolded Instruction is “the systematic sequencing of prompted content, materials, tasks, and teacher and peer support to optimize learning” (Dickson, Chard, & Simmons, 1993). “This means a gradual decrease in supports and a gradual increase in student responsibility with the responsibility for learning shifting from the teacher to the student.” (Rosenshine & Meister, 1992).

Scaffolded instruction is utilized when students are acquiring new knowledge, and skills are taught by engaging students in tasks that would be too difficult for them to complete on their own. Scaffolding provides supports to students until they can independently apply the new skill or strategy with progress being measured in small incremental steps. Teachers initially provide extensive instructional support, or scaffolding, to continually assist students in building their understanding of new content and process. Once students internalize the content and/or process, the student assumes full responsibility for completing the task.

“Scaffolding provides students with help they need and allows them to complete a task with assistance before they are able to complete it independently. The goal of scaffolding is to support students until they can apply the new skills and strategies independently. This means a gradual decrease in supports and a gradual increase in student responsibility with the responsibility for learning shifting from the teacher to the student.” (CEC article, “Providing Support for Student Independence Through Scaffolded Instruction” by Martha Larkin, Sept/Oct, 2001.)

Scaffolding is “temporary guidance or assistance provided to a student by a teacher, another adult, or a more capable peer, enabling the student to perform a task he or she otherwise would not be able to do alone, with the goal of fostering the student’s capacity to perform the task on his or her own later on...” Independent(ly) is a student performing without scaffolding from a teacher, other adult, or peer; in the Standards, often paired with proficient(ly) to suggest a successful student performance done without scaffolding...” (Common Core State Standard for ELA, Appendix A, page 43).

Scaffolding for learning may be provided through verbal prompts and cues, visual highlighting and diagrams, or other types of assistance used by students to begin to build their knowledge and proficiency. Students need support to help them until they are able to use the knowledge and skills on their own. Prompting and guidance needed must be faded if students are to become more independent.

It is important to remember to provide only those supports that are needed. Supports are gradually decreased (faded) to transfer responsibility for learning from teacher to the student (independence). Use caution not to remove the scaffolding all at once or prematurely; student performance data will guide instructional decisions.

### Steps for Use of Scaffolds:

1. Present the new strategy/skill through modeling; for example, Think Aloud.
2. Adjust level of difficulty during guided practice by:
  - ☐ starting with adapted material (Note: level of complexity will be gradually increased)
  - ☐ complete part of the task/activity for the student
  - ☐ provide a form of cueing system (e.g., visual cue card)
  - ☐ present learning materials in small steps
  - ☐ determine student errors, areas of difficulty
3. Provide multiple means of student practice (Scaffolding should inspire students to want to learn more and increase their understanding)
  - ☐ teacher led
  - ☐ reciprocal teaching (dialog between teacher and student by summarizing, question generating, clarifying, and predicting)
  - ☐ cooperative groups
4. Provide multiple variations for feedback
  - ☐ teacher- led
  - ☐ checklists
  - ☐ models of student work samples
5. Increase level of student responsibility (So they can make choices about how to proceed with the learning process)
  - ☐ fade prompts and models
  - ☐ gradually increase level of complexity of material
  - ☐ reduce student instructional support, including number of adaptations; intensity level of groupings, etc.; for example, Teacher/Student One-on-One → Teacher Small Group → Teacher Whole Group → Peer Small Group/Cooperative Group → Individual
  - ☐ combine steps of skill through practice
  - ☐ check for student mastery level of skill
6. Independent Practice (Little time is wasted in scaffolding lessons, all learning goals are achieved efficiently)
  - ☐ provide large amounts of practice
  - ☐ facilitate application to new situations

(Adapted from Educational Leadership, ASCD, April 1992 and Scaffolding, LearnNC, 2009)

### Strategies to consider for scaffolding:

- ☐ Use of Think Aloud
- ☐ Provision of examples
- ☐ A maximum amount of support is provided when students are given total physical assistance or completed copies of assignments. For motor skills, this is quite often the case. You might position a student's hand and arm and guide them through the correct movements for hammering a nail.
- ☐ New computer users may need physical assistance in getting the mouse to move the cursor in the desired direction.
- ☐ Giving the students copies of the lecture notes instead of requiring them to take notes

- ❑ Provide starters or incomplete statements and have the students add the rest (e.g., Cloze Procedure)
- ❑ Give students an outline, diagram, or study guide
- ❑ Use structured patterns or plans to help students learn
- ❑ Use oral reading and embedded questions to help students process material in textbooks
- ❑ Identify page numbers where topics are discussed or answers to questions can be found
- ❑ Use color-coding or underlining to highlight important ideas or key steps
- ❑ Use peer tutoring or cooperative learning to provide support for students
- ❑ Incorporate activities that provide guided practice before expecting students to perform skills or use knowledge independently

### **C. Strategy Instruction**

Strategy Instruction is a method of teaching student's techniques, principles, or rules applicable in many learning situations that guide them to complete tasks independently. The learning strategies provide the means for the student to learn how to problem-solve and complete tasks independently.

Special Education, Contemporary Perspectives for School Professionals, Third Edition, by Marilyn Friend, 2011.

#### Teaching through Scaffolding

1. Determine if the student has the background knowledge for the strategy to scaffold to independent use.
2. Explicitly teach the strategy:
  - ❑ Introduce the strategy – what it is, why it will be beneficial, etc.
  - ❑ Model how to use the strategy
  - ❑ Guided practice begins with small, simple tasks/materials, so concentration can be on learning the strategy
  - ❑ Guided practice with classroom activities/assignments with teacher prompts
  - ❑ Minimal guided practice with student initiating the strategy independently using a visual cue
  - ❑ Provide corrective feedback using progress data (e.g., checklist, progress charts, etc.)
  - ❑ Student independence is increased through gradual removal of prompts and cues (scaffolding - fewer, increments of time, etc.)
  - ❑ Student uses the strategy independently without supports

For additional state level information for scaffolding, see “Effective Instruction for Elementary Struggling Readers: Research-Based Practices, 2003, Introduction Section).



## **D. Direct instruction**

Direct instruction (DI) is the research based instructional approach where the teacher systematically and explicitly presents strategies and content following six steps within the process:

1. Review and check for understanding from previous learning activities/instruction
2. Present new content or skills
3. Provide guided practice, check for understanding
4. Provide feedback, correct any inaccuracies
5. Provide independent practice
6. Review frequently

Adapted from Special Education, Contemporary Perspectives for School Professionals, Third Edition, by Marilyn Friend, 2011. [www.adihome.org](http://www.adihome.org)

## **E. Structured Overview (e.g., graphic organizers)**

Structured Overview is a verbal, visual or written summary. It can also be an outline of a topic. It is the process of “organizing and arranging topics” to make them more meaningful.

The purpose of a Structured Overview is to help students place new ideas in context. Because ideas are simplified, it is easier for students to see “the big picture.” In addition, connecting new ideas to information students already understand makes it easier to retain. There are three main ways in which structured overview can be used:

1. Verbal Summary: When introducing a new concept, the teacher starts by highlighting the new ideas to be learned in a few simple sentences. Then the relationship between these ideas and the ones the students already know is discussed. The structured overview takes the role of an advanced organizer.
2. Written Summary: The approach is the same as the verbal summary, but students have a written record of the ideas. Generally a combination of verbal and written Structured Overview is more effective than either type alone.
3. Visual Structured Overview: Venn diagrams of concepts, semantic maps, semantic organizers, webs, and charts are all methods visual Structured Overview. When accompanied by explanation, visual overviews are often very effective at helping student connect ideas.

Graphic Organizers:

<http://www.graphic.org/goindex.html>

<http://esl.about.com/od/writinglessonpla2/ig/Graphic-Organizers/Structured-Overview.htm>

## **F. Tiered Instruction**

Tiered instruction is an instructional practice for teaching one concept to meet the varied individual learning needs in a group through a learning profile, readiness, and/or interest.

Five steps process for tiering instruction includes:

1. Choose a concept that students should know or understand and whether to tier according to readiness, interest, or learning profile.
2. Assess student's profile, readiness, and interest.
3. Create an activity or project that is clearly focused on the concept.
4. Adjust the activity to provide different levels of difficulty.
5. Match students to appropriate tiered assignment.

Tiered Instruction: <http://www.gstboces.org/iss/iss/trainings/di/strategies/tiered.htm>

## **G. Concrete Representational-Abstract Instructional Approach**

Concrete Representational-Abstract Instructional Approach (CRA) is a three part strategy with each building on the previous:

- ❑ Concrete – “doing” by using concrete objects
- ❑ Representational – “seeing” by using semi-concrete object (e.g., pictures)
- ❑ Abstract – “symbolic” by using abstract symbols to complete problems

(Retrieved from Access Center, spring 2011)

## **H. Multiple Means for Practice Opportunities**

Struggling learners need many opportunities to practice skills; for example:

- ❑ Learning centers
- ❑ Games
- ❑ Rhythmic activities (songs, chants, etc.)
- ❑ Various reading materials (books, magazine, computer software, etc.)

(Adapted from “Effective Instruction for Elementary Struggling Readers: Research-Based Practices, 2003.)

## **I. Mnemonics**

Mnemonic instruction is a set of strategies designed to help students improve their memory of new information. Mnemonics instruction links new information to prior knowledge through the use of visual and/or acoustic cues. Most common mnemonic strategies are keyword (a picture or other graphic that links the old and new information in the student's memory); PegWord (rhyming words that are used to represent numbers), and letter strategy (include acronyms and acrostics or sentence mnemonics). (Access Center, 2006)

## **J. Review for Fluency and Generalization**

The need for review is very critical for students with disabilities. Students need a variety of opportunities to practice what they have learned. Many students may have difficulty generalizing newly acquired knowledge and skills in subsequent classroom situations and in situations outside of the classroom. Below are guidelines about the importance of review:

Conduct multiple performance reviews	Students will become more aware of what they are doing correctly and what they need to change when observations and assessments occur frequently
Provide guided and independent practice	Guided practice involving the use of prompts and assistance will help students remember what they are supposed to do
Work towards mastery	Reducing the use of prompts or reminders is necessary when students are ready to perform independently
Give meaningful feedback	Feedback will help students become aware of what they are doing correctly and what needs to be changed
Practice skills in a Variety of contexts	Opportunities to promote generalization in different settings as well as maintenance of the desired level of proficiency and fluency must be provided. Single exposures are never sufficient to attain proficiency

This is not an exhaustive list of instructional practices.

## **K. Supplementary Aids and Services (SAS)**

Supplementary aids and services are aids, services, and other supports that are provided in regular education classes or other education-related settings to enable a child with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled children to the maximum extent appropriate in accordance with 707 KAR 1:350. 707KAR 1:002 (61)

Supplementary Aids and Services (SAS) in its simplest form is “what the student needs” in order to advance appropriately toward attaining their annual goal(s), be involved and make progress in the general curriculum, participate in extracurricular and other nonacademic activities and be educated with non-disabled peers.

If the student requires specific materials, resources, aids, strategies or services to gain access to the general education curriculum, it should be described as a supplementary aid and service.

Assistive technology can be used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of a child with disabilities (707 KAR 1:002 (3)). This includes a broad variety of devices. When using any technology as either SDI or SAS, provide a description of the technology to be used (i.e., direct-select, voice output system).

### **Differentiating SDI and SAS**

While reviewing ideas for SDI and SAS, keep in mind that many of the instructional strategies and supports suggested can be both the SDI and SAS. In order for the student to access and use the supplementary aid (SAS) independently, the student will often need to be provided explicit instruction (SDI) in the use of a specific strategy or device. The intent is to provide scaffolded support until the student can access the supplementary aid independently.

## Considerations for SDI and SAS

### COMMUNICATION Listening Comprehension

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum and make progress
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Guided Practice of Listening strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Corrective Feedback frequent comprehension checks</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in the use of SAS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Digital recorder</li> <li>▪ Digitized/electronic formatted materials</li> <li>▪ Highlighting key words</li> <li>▪ Listening guides</li> </ul> </li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Repeated directions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Frequent comprehension checks</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Alternative note-taking</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended processing time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Paraphrasing, re-phrasing, and summarizing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Previewing questions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Preferential seating</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Advanced organizer</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Focus, concrete statements</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Digitized recorder</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Digitized/electronic formatted materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Highlighting key words</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Listening guides</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Non-Verbal

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction Visual, written, verbal, physical, picture prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction of Visual Cue cards</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> System of least prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct Instruction of American Sign Language</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Multiple-modality strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction use of body language</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling of how to attend to speaker</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual, written, tactual, verbal, physical, picture prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Hand under hand vs. hand over hand physical guidance/exploration</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> American Sign Language</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Communication systems</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Switch activated devices</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Augmentative communication devices</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Dynamic screens</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> High technology communication devices</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Communication boards/books/cards</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Picture based communication</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Establishing and maintaining eye contact</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Switch accessible</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scan accessible</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Educational interpreter</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Expressive Language/Oral Expression

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in how to respond to verbal prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in how to respond to cue cards</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling how to respond to visual prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Guided repetitions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Guided rehearsal, use of scripts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Time delay strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in conversational skills (i.e., initiating, maintaining, ending)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Word retrieval drills: categories, attributes, functions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Questioning techniques</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Verbal prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Cue cards</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended response time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Allow written tests</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Recorded materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Preferential seating</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Directions in multiple forms (i.e., restate, rephrase, oral directions)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral reading on volunteer basis</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Rehearsal, use of scripts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Alternate means for demonstrating learning in place of oral reports (i.e., displays, projects, written, etc.)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Video self-modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Questioning techniques</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Thesaurus to find words to write or say</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Word prediction software</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Structured outline or graphic organizer to plan written assignments or presentations</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Use demonstrations or video-recorded responses for classroom assignments</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Voice

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Vocal strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Social skills instruction</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Calming strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in self-monitoring strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visualization techniques</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in recognition of vocal abusive patterns</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral motor intervention</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Self-monitoring checklists</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Calming strategies cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Variety of questioning techniques</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Signal system for recognizing abusive vocal patterns</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Fluency

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Starter techniques <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction on maintaining eye contact <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using choral responses <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using reading responses <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction of relaxation strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	<input type="checkbox"/> Extended response time <input type="checkbox"/> Opportunity to speak first in oral group situations <input type="checkbox"/> Individual instead of group presentations <input type="checkbox"/> Relaxation strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Self-monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Other:

### Receptive Language

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction to use visual, written, picture prompts & cues <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling <input type="checkbox"/> System of least prompts <input type="checkbox"/> Simultaneous prompting <input type="checkbox"/> Time delay <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to respond to verbal cues <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction of core vocabulary with cue cards <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using visualization <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using verbal rehearsal <input type="checkbox"/> Cloze procedures <input type="checkbox"/> Auditory bombardment of language targets <input type="checkbox"/> Verbal repetition <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction of mnemonic strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-teach critical information <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction for understanding of humor and absurdities <input type="checkbox"/> Explicitly teach elements of critical thinking <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in how to make inferences and predictions <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in how to draw conclusions and make generalizations <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferential seating <input type="checkbox"/> Repetition of directions <input type="checkbox"/> Simple directions <input type="checkbox"/> Gestures and visual cues <input type="checkbox"/> Paraphrasing and rephrasing <input type="checkbox"/> Visual prompts <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete to abstract representations <input type="checkbox"/> Picture schedule <input type="checkbox"/> Picture cues <input type="checkbox"/> Tactual cues <input type="checkbox"/> Object to picture schedule <input type="checkbox"/> Calendar/routine system <input type="checkbox"/> Sentence strips <input type="checkbox"/> Tape recorder <input type="checkbox"/> Self-cueing strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Gradually building complexity of task <input type="checkbox"/> Teacher wait time <input type="checkbox"/> Other:

### Pragmatics

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using social scripting</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using social stories</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using written prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to respond to verbal prompting</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Guided responding</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in environmental prompting (i.e., personal space awareness)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Chaining</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Shaping</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Video self-modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Role playing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in conversational turn-taking, initiating/terminating conversation, commenting, and asking questions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in relevant emotion/feeling words</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Role playing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Monitoring and quick feedback</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Peer buddy/monitor</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Sensory issues addressed</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Opportunities for turn-taking, initiating/terminating conversation, commenting, and asking questions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Environmental prompts (i.e., personal space awareness)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Articulation/Phonology

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Auditory discrimination training</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Mirror training</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral motor exercises</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Repetitive drill/trials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using touch cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Minimal pair drills</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Auditory bombardment</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Guided rehearsal</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Discrete phoneme production training</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral motor desensitization/stimulation</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using oral prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Phonemic awareness training</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Time delay</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Use of FM system</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Tape recorder</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Tactile cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Kinesthetic cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended response time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Correct speech samples</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Verbal cues for correct speech sounds</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling of correct speech patterns when student makes incorrect speech patterns</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Preferential seating</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Vocabulary cue cards</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Color coded key words</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Computer support</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Step-by-step directions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>



**ACADEMICS**  
**Basic Reading**

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum and make progress
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Grapho-Phonic strategies (visual/auditory) including letter/sound knowledge, phonemic awareness, decoding</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual strategies including word recognition and visual memory for words</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Auditory strategies including language structure at the word, sentence, and text level</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Fluency strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct Braille code instruction</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in functions and use of portable note-taking device (i.e., BrailleNote, VoiceNote, Braille ‘n Speak)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Meaning strategies including word meanings and associations and precision in word usage</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in identifying and pronouncing words and reading fluently orally including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ using content clues;</li> <li>▪ visual word recognition strategies including environmental print;</li> <li>▪ word analysis strategies such as prefixes, suffixes, compound words and word derivations;</li> <li>▪ text management strategies such as rereading/reading ahead, deep reading, skimming/scanning;</li> <li>▪ decoding strategies such as identifying word families, chunking, point &amp; slide, looking for known words inside words;</li> <li>▪ cross check across systems (does the word make sense, sound like language, do the letters match the sounds) or ask another reader.</li> </ul> </li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction on functions and use of low vision devices (assistive technology for near and distance viewing)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in accessing alternate formats and associated technology</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Graphic organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Prompting and cueing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Recorded materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Alternate electronic/digitized materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral/visual presentation of materials above independent reading level</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Large print (specified font size)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Highlighted material</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Colored overlays for reading/glare reduction (specified color)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct/indirect lighting</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Photocopied materials on preferred colored paper</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Tracking guides</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Typoscopes</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Braille</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Braille N’ Speak</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Refreshable Braille</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Type N’ Speak</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Manipulatives (i.e., letter tiles, flash cards, etc.)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Access to technology (i.e., computer, software, voice-to-text software, etc.)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Limit visual clutter/stimuli</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Slant board/stand</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Use of black marker ONLY on dry erase board</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Talking books</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Screen enlargement software</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Magnifier</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Monocular/Binocular</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Colored overlays for reading/glare reduction (specify color)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Copy of notes written on the board</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Regular text along with large print texts for colored illustrations and maps</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Spelling dictionary or electronic spelling aid with speech capabilities</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Peer editing, or teacher assistance in the revision process</li> </ul>

<p>(name/document specific aid)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Chance to correct identified spelling and grammar errors</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Books-on-tape or someone to make a recording or read the text aloud</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Card or frame to focus on the words and block out parts of the text</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assistive devices that translate text to speech—reading pen, Kurzweil reader, scanner with character recognition software</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Videotapes or movies that present the same information</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Interactive CDs or computer-assisted training with auditory and visual cues rather than written descriptions.</li> </ul> <p>Students who are blind or visually impaired may need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Books-on-tape or large-print versions of text</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> speaking computers with books on disk</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> books and instructional materials in Braille</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> class handouts and materials in an embossed format</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Special tilt-top desk or book stand to hold materials for easier reading</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Specialized equipment- optical enhancer, magnifier, tape recorder</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Directions and test items read aloud or on audiotape</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Repetition or paraphrasing of the directions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Important words in the directions underlined or highlighted</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Text to speech technology to communicate directions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>
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## Reading Comprehension

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in how to use graphic organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in “Cloze” procedures</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonic strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using advance organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using visual prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Pre-teaching concepts/vocabulary</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Strategy Instruction; for example,               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ LEARN strategy                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>List what you know</li> <li>Explore what you want to know</li> <li>Access information</li> <li>Reflect on what you’re learning</li> <li>Now make connections</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ KWL Strategy                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>List what you Know</li> <li>Tell what you Want to know</li> <li>Tell what you Learned</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in verbal summarization</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using open-ended stories</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> QAR (Question, Answer, Response) strategy</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using choral reading</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using paired reading</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using echo reading</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using visual imagery</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using story mapping</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling through Think aloud strategy</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct Instruction in: monitoring for meaning, determining importance, creating mental images, synthesizing, relating new to known, questioning, inferring</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction and support for specialized software and equipment</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Applying Braille reading (or use of low vision devices for literacy tasks) in authentic contexts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in hand/finger skills, tactile discrimination/perception skills</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Integrated use of visual skills (e.g.,</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Recorded books with appropriate pacing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Recorded materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Electronic/digitized materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Highlighting</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Large print materials/textbooks (specified font size)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Standard text to accompany large print text for colored illustrations/maps</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Braille</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Refreshable Braille</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Braille N’ Speak</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Type N’ Speak</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Reader</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Paraphrasing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral/visual presentation of materials above independent reading level</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Manipulatives (i.e., story strips, etc.)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Advance organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Tactual graphics</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Frequent rest breaks to reduce eye fatigue and strain</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Limit visual clutter/stimuli</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Slant board/stand</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Note-taking guides</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Study guides</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Highlighted study guides               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Use of black marker ONLY on dry erase board</li> <li>▪ Talking books</li> </ul> </li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Screen enlargement software</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Magnifier</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Monocular/Binocular</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Colored overlays for reading/glare reduction (specify color)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Copy of notes written on the board</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Regular text along with large print texts for colored illustrations and maps</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Reading stand</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Sticky notes or highlighter to mark key points in the textbook or manual</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> List of important vocabulary with</li> </ul>

scanning for information, reading charts, graphs, maps) <input type="checkbox"/> Direct Braille code instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in functions and use of portable note-taking device (e.g., BrailleNote, VoiceNote, Braille ‘n Speak) <input type="checkbox"/> Direct Instruction on functions and use of low vision devices (assistive technology for near and distance viewing) <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	definitions <input type="checkbox"/> Demonstration of steps and procedures <input type="checkbox"/> Study guide to follow for independent reading <input type="checkbox"/> Complex information divided into chunks or sections <input type="checkbox"/> Hands-on activities, visual aids, pictures, or diagrams to provide alternate ways of learning abstract concepts or complex information. <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
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### Written Language

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Explicit instruction in graphic organizers <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling Tactile kinesthetic tracing <input type="checkbox"/> Guided Practice through Repetition <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction using advance organizers <input type="checkbox"/> Visual and physical prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Small group instruction in writing process <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit structured approach to sentence writing <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in the writing process including: prewriting activities, writing, revising, editing, and publishing <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in idea development, structural patterns, sequencing, organization, standards of correctness, awareness of audience and purpose <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in open-response writing, writing-on-demand, transactive writing, personal writing, literary writing, reflective writing, and writing-to-learn (graphic organizers, journals, note-taking) <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in mechanics and usage of slate/stylus <input type="checkbox"/> Direct Instruction in mechanics and use of Braillewriter/Note taking device <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in functions and use of magnification systems <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction for keyboarding skills	<input type="checkbox"/> Scribe (specify how and when a scribe will be used) <input type="checkbox"/> Paraphrasing <input type="checkbox"/> Assistive technology <input type="checkbox"/> Advance organizers <input type="checkbox"/> Cue cards (i.e., definitions, examples, story starters, picture prompts, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Graphic organizers <input type="checkbox"/> Journals, logs, notebooks <input type="checkbox"/> Rubrics/scoring guides to guide <input type="checkbox"/> Editing checklists <input type="checkbox"/> Production of written pieces <input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonic strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Error monitoring, self-monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Modified tests and assignments <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of overheads (notes, directions, organizers, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Preferential seating <input type="checkbox"/> Scribe for obscan sheets <input type="checkbox"/> Write on the test itself instead of an answer sheet <input type="checkbox"/> Webs, diagrams, or charts and outlines to plan and respond to open-ended or essay questions <input type="checkbox"/> Highlighting <input type="checkbox"/> Color coded direction words <input type="checkbox"/> Student paraphrasing of directions <input type="checkbox"/> Raised line paper <input type="checkbox"/> Manipulatives (i.e., sentence strips, word

<input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	cards, personal and classroom word banks, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Tape recorder to talk into and write from <input type="checkbox"/> Pencil grips <input type="checkbox"/> Specialized writing utensils (20/20 pens, #1 Lead pencil, bold marker, slate/stylus, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Specialized writing materials (Braillewriter, portable note taking device, signature/letter guide, typoscope, computer with screen reader/magnification software) <input type="checkbox"/> Use of high contrasting marker on dry- erase board <input type="checkbox"/> Limit visual clutter/stimuli <input type="checkbox"/> Slant board/stand <input type="checkbox"/> Retaking of tests <input type="checkbox"/> Access to technology (i.e., computer, software, tape recorder, voice-to-text software) <input type="checkbox"/> Bold line, raised line, Braille paper <input type="checkbox"/> Signature guide <input type="checkbox"/> Slate N Stylus <input type="checkbox"/> Alternate demonstrations of knowledge and skills <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
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### Math Calculation and Reasoning

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Multi-sensory teaching strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Time delay <input type="checkbox"/> Most to least prompts <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in computation and reasoning strategies, word problem strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Direct Nemeth code Braille instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in functions and use of Abacus <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in functions and use of accessible graphing calculator software <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in functions and use of portable note-taking device (i.e. BrailleNote, VoiceNote, Braille ‘n Speak,	<input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonic strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Cue cards with problem solving strategies, definitions, examples, models, flow chart, process steps <input type="checkbox"/> Small group instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Visual, non-verbal, verbal, physical, picture, and written prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Repetitive practice <input type="checkbox"/> Modified tests/assignments <input type="checkbox"/> Advanced organizers <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of overheads including notes, organizers, examples <input type="checkbox"/> Extended time <input type="checkbox"/> Graph paper/vertical lined paper <input type="checkbox"/> Manipulatives/Concrete representations

etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Direct Instruction on functions and use of low vision devices (assistive technology for near and distance viewing) <input type="checkbox"/> Guided practice Mnemonic strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Guided practice through chunking skills <input type="checkbox"/> Touch five coin counting strategy <input type="checkbox"/> direct instruction in use of a calculator <input type="checkbox"/> Re-teaching of the initial learning of difficult skills and supervised practice to prevent misconceptions <input type="checkbox"/> Guided Practice of sub-skills explicitly related to the performance of the whole task and what the student has already learned. <input type="checkbox"/> Additional independent practice until fluent responses are possible <input type="checkbox"/> direct instruction of specialized vocabulary and mathematical symbols <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling of abstract math concepts through Concrete materials and manipulatives or computer-based models <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction for use of flowcharts to plan strategies for problem solving <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	<input type="checkbox"/> Tactile graphs/graphics <input type="checkbox"/> Calculator (large display, talking, graphing, audible graphing calculator software) <input type="checkbox"/> Typoscopes <input type="checkbox"/> Low vision devices (near and distant) <input type="checkbox"/> Abacus <input type="checkbox"/> Magnifier <input type="checkbox"/> Colored overlay <input type="checkbox"/> Number line <input type="checkbox"/> Study guides <input type="checkbox"/> Peer buddy/peer tutoring <input type="checkbox"/> Oral presentation of materials/assessments <input type="checkbox"/> Assistive technology <input type="checkbox"/> Calculator for computation tasks <input type="checkbox"/> Talking calculator or on-screen computer calculator <input type="checkbox"/> Flowcharts to plan strategies for problem solving <input type="checkbox"/> Additional examples and explanations <input type="checkbox"/> Use of graph paper or color coding to organize answers to math problems <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
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**Functional Skills**  
**Task Completion/On Task Behavior**

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in how to use self-talk <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling video self-modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to self-monitor/evaluate <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in student task analysis <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in using graphic organizers <input type="checkbox"/> System of least prompts <input type="checkbox"/> Simultaneous prompting <input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in how to respond to cueing (verbal, nonverbal, visual, picture, photo, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/> Modified tests and assignments (example chunking) <input type="checkbox"/> Use of timer <input type="checkbox"/> Dual set of materials for school and home <input type="checkbox"/> Paraphrasing <input type="checkbox"/> Extended time <input type="checkbox"/> Rubrics and scoring guides <input type="checkbox"/> Peer tutor <input type="checkbox"/> Mentors <input type="checkbox"/> Oral presentation of materials <input type="checkbox"/> Redirection and corrective feedback <input type="checkbox"/> Behavior contract

- ❑ Guided Practice in alternative note-taking
- ❑ Pre-teaching Critical information and vocabulary
- ❑ Re-teaching through repetition and summarization of important points, particularly at the conclusion of the lecture or discussion
- ❑ Pre-teaching assignments
- ❑ Scaffolded Instruction for taking breaks
- ❑ Pre-teaching new vocabulary introduced prior to a lesson, a glossary of terms
- ❑ Overview of lessons or advance organizers
- ❑ Material presented in a logical/sequential manner and with explicit cues to shift from one aspect to the next
- ❑ Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)
- ❑ Other:

- ❑ Environmental adaptations
- ❑ Assistive Technology
- ❑ Written prompts or directions
- ❑ Information broken down into steps or key components
- ❑ Important ideas written on the board or overhead transparencies with different colors for emphasis or coding
- ❑ Active involvement with the content through discussion, small group interaction, or problem solving activities
- ❑ Repetition and summarization of important points, particularly at the conclusion of the lecture or discussion
- ❑ Structured organizers for note taking, such as a copy of overheads, outline of lecture, or graphic organizers
- ❑ Copies of notes taken by peer
- ❑ Recorded class lectures and discussion
- ❑ Time to meet with the instructor after class for clarification.
- ❑ Work systems
- ❑ Graphic organizers
- ❑ Cue cards (i.e., definitions, examples, models, flow chart)
- ❑ Preview assignment
- ❑ Personal copy of rules and expectations
- ❑ Specific role and responsibility when working in a group
- ❑ Positive reinforcement for following class rules
- ❑ Adult or peer to seek assistance when the teacher is unavailable
- ❑ Seat away from distractions such as windows, air vents, doors, resource areas, and other individuals who may disrupt the student
- ❑ Quiet place to complete independent work
- ❑ Tasks that can be completed in short periods of time
- ❑ Structured opportunities to get up and move
- ❑ Other:

### Following Directions

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in self- monitoring strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> System of least prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling through role playing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Explicit Instruction in how to use self-talk</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonics strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction using advanced organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Video self-modeling</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Time delay</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Increased wait time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Advance organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Paraphrasing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Endless loop tape</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Agenda or outline of the assignments for each day</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral directions combined with pictures, words, or diagrams</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Description of critical features when watching a demonstration</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Directions that are repeated or simplified</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Step-by-step instructions outlined in writing or shown in picture sequences</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assistance from peer</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Cueing System with visual description of expected behaviors or the criteria</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Alternate modes for directions including pictures, photos, etc.</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Contracts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Oral presentation of materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual supports</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Clarification of directions (paraphrase, summarize)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Rate/Speed of Work

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling how to respond to verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in self-monitoring strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling using role playing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Checklists</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Use of timer</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Schedule</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Pictorial representation of task</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Audio stimulation to support rhythmic pace (music)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Repeated practice</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assistive technology</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Work systems</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Reduced level of lighting</li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Increased level of lighting</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Preferential seating (specify where)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Additional time to complete tests (scheduled)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Test separated into sections and taken over a scheduled period of time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Breaks during the testing period</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extra examples for practice</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Fewer questions that measure all required content and skills</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Open book tests unless memorization of content is required</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Calculator to recheck or complete computations</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Use of white noise or headphones to reduce auditory distractions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Administration of the test individually or in a small group</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Enclosed study carrel to take the test.</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>
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### Following a Schedule

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in how to respond to verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in self-monitoring strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in reading a schedule and a site map</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> System of least prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolding - Graduated guidance (fading)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to use picture agenda</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to use tactual agenda</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in creating and following a personal schedule</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling using role playing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Checklists</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Use of timer</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Picture/tactual schedule</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Color/tactual coding</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Highlighting</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Repeated practice</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Map (i.e., school, classroom, community, etc.)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Object schedules</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Calendar/routine system</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Flexible scheduling practices</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Additional time for assignments and assessments</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assignments given ahead of time so the student can get started</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Physical/verbal cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Mental mapping/routes</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Picture/tactual agenda</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Repeated practice</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Attendance

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Multi-sensory instructional strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in how to use token economy</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in self-monitoring strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in using verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in using visual prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Contracts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Escort to class</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Proximity to classroom</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Pictorial/tactual representation of task</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Alternate dismissal</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Interest inventory to identify motivators</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Organization

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling through use of video self-monitoring</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in using verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Scaffolded Instruction in using visual prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in organization systems</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Duplicates</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Extended time</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Shortened assignment</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Dual set of materials for school and home</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Step by step instructions</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Color/tactual coding</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assignment notebook</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Calendar</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Peer tutor/buddy</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Dividers and organizers</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Work systems</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

### Working Independently

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Strategy Instruction</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using visual prompts and cues</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Shortened assignments</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Study carrel</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Work systems</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assignments and tasks given in segments</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Redirection (verbal, non-verbal,</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using task analysis</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>physical, visual, etc.)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Faded prompts</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Positive/corrective feedback</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assignments divided into parts with corresponding due dates</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Individual responsibility checklist with checkpoints along the way</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Reward system to motivate assignment completion – let the student engage in an activity of choice following the completion of a required assignment</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Access to learning resources and instructional materials outside of class</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Digital recorder</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Digitized/electronic formatted materials</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Highlighting key words</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Listening guides</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>
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### Decision Making

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to use self-talk</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonic strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using role playing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using visual prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in evaluating and choosing</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using social stories</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in test-taking skills – practice tests can help students learn some of the strategies effective test-takers use</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Practice with the testing format – use of sample questions and explanations of the scoring rubric or procedures</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Review of corrected tests</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Additional instruction on areas of need identified on the test</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> assistance to help students evaluate their own performance on</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Modeling of self-questioning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Picture/tactual cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonic strategies</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Verbal prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Visual prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Physical prompts and cues</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Assistive technology</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Study guides and review of the knowledge and skills to be tested</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Lists of competencies for each instructional goal that students can check off</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Self-assessment:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Did I study the right things?</li> <li>▪ Did I make use of clues in the test?</li> <li>▪ Did I survey the test and plan my response?</li> <li>▪ Did I use the time allowed effectively?</li> <li>▪ Did I answer the questions I knew first?</li> <li>▪ Did I correct mistakes?</li> <li>▪ Did I have to guess?</li> </ul> </li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</li> </ul>

<input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	
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### Self-Evaluation

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using task analysis <input type="checkbox"/> Self-monitoring strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using verbal prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using visual prompts /cues <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in self-evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Mnemonic strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in self-advocacy skills <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	<input type="checkbox"/> Picture cues <input type="checkbox"/> Work systems <input type="checkbox"/> Rubrics and scoring guides <input type="checkbox"/> Progress graphs <input type="checkbox"/> Checklists <input type="checkbox"/> Peer editing <input type="checkbox"/> Self-monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Other:

### Social Competence

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using video self-modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using verbal prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using visual prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using written prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in replacement behaviors <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Corrective feedback with re-teaching <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using student study teams <input type="checkbox"/> Planned ignoring <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in explicit social skills <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using role playing <input type="checkbox"/> De-escalation strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Relaxation strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in self-advocacy skills (vision portfolio, accessing materials in appropriate format, requesting assistance)	<input type="checkbox"/> Student repeats directions <input type="checkbox"/> Frequent, positive feedback and specific praise <input type="checkbox"/> Daily/weekly home contact <input type="checkbox"/> Contracts <input type="checkbox"/> Student-created reinforcement menu <input type="checkbox"/> Sequential directions <input type="checkbox"/> Short, concise directions <input type="checkbox"/> Frequent breaks <input type="checkbox"/> Opportunities for movement <input type="checkbox"/> Signal, inference cues <input type="checkbox"/> Proximity control <input type="checkbox"/> Structured transitions <input type="checkbox"/> Timer <input type="checkbox"/> Reinforcement menu <input type="checkbox"/> Peer tutor/buddy <input type="checkbox"/> Repeated practice of learned skills in authentic, non-pervasive environments/situations <input type="checkbox"/> Other:

from peers and adults, personal care) <input type="checkbox"/> Direct community based instruction to foster independent living skills <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in appropriate postural/body gestures <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	
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### Physical Functioning

<b>Specially Designed Instruction (SDI)</b> What the “teacher does” through instructional practices	<b>Supplementary Aids &amp; Services (SAS)</b> What the student will use to access curriculum
<input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using video self-modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Differential reinforcement <input type="checkbox"/> Modeling <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in using verbal, visual, written, and physical prompts and cues <input type="checkbox"/> Corrective feedback with re-teaching <input type="checkbox"/> Hand-under-hand vs. hand-over-hand guidance <input type="checkbox"/> Redirection <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to use self-instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Self-monitoring strategies <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to use self-talk <input type="checkbox"/> System of least prompts <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in how to use visualization <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction using social stories <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in specific skills <input type="checkbox"/> Direct instruction in Orientation & Mobility skills to foster safe and independent travel in familiar/unfamiliar environments <input type="checkbox"/> Mental mapping skills <input type="checkbox"/> Directionality/spatial awareness concepts <input type="checkbox"/> Human guide techniques <input type="checkbox"/> Instruction in use of SAS: (name/document specific aid) <input type="checkbox"/> Other:	<input type="checkbox"/> One-on-one instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Small group instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Partial participation <input type="checkbox"/> Modified equipment (auditory/tactual/visual cues) <input type="checkbox"/> Modified rules <input type="checkbox"/> Modified tests, activities, and assignments <input type="checkbox"/> Self-instruction <input type="checkbox"/> Self-monitoring <input type="checkbox"/> Self-talk <input type="checkbox"/> Extended time <input type="checkbox"/> Shortened time <input type="checkbox"/> Peer tutor <input type="checkbox"/> Shorter distances <input type="checkbox"/> Decreased level of difficulty <input type="checkbox"/> Extra practice of skills <input type="checkbox"/> Lower goal/target <input type="checkbox"/> Alternate activities <input type="checkbox"/> Adapted playing area (smaller, obstacles removed, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Well-defined boundaries (clearly marked in contrasting colors, tactual, etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> White Cane <input type="checkbox"/> Human guide <input type="checkbox"/> Larger/auditory goal/target <input type="checkbox"/> Larger/lighter bat, racquet, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> Frequent rest periods <input type="checkbox"/> Slower activity pace <input type="checkbox"/> Assistive technology <input type="checkbox"/> Adaptive devices – pencil grips or special pen or pencil holders, erasable pens, or special paper with raised or

	<p>color-coded line indicators</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ Worksheets and tests with ample space for writing answers</li> <li>❑ Two copies of a worksheet or test – one to work on as a draft and one to use as a final copy</li> <li>❑ Graph paper for writing to help align the numbers in computation problems or organize information</li> <li>❑ Access to computer to prepare written assignments</li> <li>❑ Student dictates thoughts, ideas</li> <li>❑ Increased space allowed for test answers</li> <li>❑ Dictate, tape record, or sign answers on a test</li> <li>❑ Computer to write answers to the test items</li> <li>❑ Other:</li> </ul>
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## **Section 2: Implementation and Lesson Planning**

### **A. High Expectations**

Promoting a culture of high expectations for all students is a fundamental goal of the Kentucky Core Academic Standards. In order to participate with success in the general curriculum, students with disabilities, as appropriate, may be provided additional supports and services, such as:

- ❑ Instructional supports for learning based on the principles of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) which foster student engagement by presenting information in multiple ways and allowing for diverse avenues of action and expression
- ❑ Instructional accommodations (Thompson, Morse, Sharpe & Hall, 2005) changes in materials or procedures which do not change the standards but allow students to learn within the framework of the Common Core.
- ❑ Assistive technology devices and services to ensure access to the general education curriculum and the Common Core State Standards.

Some students with the most significant cognitive disabilities will require substantial supports and accommodations to have meaningful access to the standards, based on their communication and academic needs. These supports and accommodations should ensure that students receive access to multiple means of learning and opportunities to demonstrate knowledge, but retain the rigor and high expectations of the KCAS (Common Core Standards, “Applications for Students with Disabilities”, 2010).

### **B. Plan for All**

The lesson/learning activity is first planned with anticipation of needs of the universally designed curriculum that is designed from the outset to meet the needs of the greatest number of users, making costly, time-consuming, and after-the-fact changes to curriculum unnecessary; often know as Universal Design for Learning.

Universal Design for Learning (UDL) is a research-based framework for designing curricula that is made up of, educational goals, methods, materials, and assessments that enable all individuals to gain knowledge, skills, and enthusiasm for learning. This is accomplished by simultaneously providing rich supports for learning and reducing barriers to the curriculum, while maintaining high achievement standards for all students.

UDL supports teachers’ efforts to meet the challenge of diversity by providing flexible instructional materials, techniques, and strategies that help teachers differentiate instruction to meet these varied needs. It does this by providing options for:

- ❑ Presenting information and content in different ways (the "what" of learning)
- ❑ Differentiating the ways that students can express what they know (the "how" of learning)
- ❑ Stimulating interest and motivation for learning (the "why" of learning)

Students are provided with scaffolds and supports to deeply understand and engage with standards-based material. They not only have access to content and facts, but they learn to ask questions, find information, and use that information effectively. They learn how to learn. (<http://cast.org/>)

## C. Planning for Individual Needs

To ensure access to the general curriculum, instructional planning will require consideration of individual student needs in relation to the disability. Analysis of expectations for all students will further guide the anticipated need(s) the student will have in preparation, participation, and application of skills included within the learning target for all.

The purpose of the chart below is to guide the decision-making process for development of lessons/learning activities that first begins planning for all students, then planning to meet the specific needs of the student's disability that will impact involvement within the lesson/learning activity. (Adapted from: Including Students with Special Needs by Marilyn Friend, 2012 and "Effective Instruction for Elementary Struggling Readers: Research-Based Practices, 2003).

**Universal Design for Learning**

Setting-Specific Demands		Student-Specific Characteristics		Ensure Access to General Curriculum Adaptations specific for student
Learning Target Lesson/Activity	Pre-Requisite abilities student will need to be involved in learning activity	Strengths	Struggles (In relation to the disability)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ All students</li> <li>□ Universal Design for Learning               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Presenting information and content ("what")</li> <li>▪ Demonstration of Learning ("how")</li> <li>▪ Motivation for learning ("why")</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ All Students</li> <li>□ Environmental demands</li> <li>□ Academic Skills:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Foundational Skills</li> <li>▪ Vocabulary Acquisition</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ Social:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Prepared for group discussion</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>The student can be successful:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Academically</li> <li>▪ Socially</li> <li>▪ Executive Functions</li> </ul>	<p>IEP &amp; Progress Monitoring as a guide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ What are the student's needs related to the disability?</li> <li>□ Where will the student potentially have difficulties?</li> </ul>	<p>Adaptations/instructional considerations to address struggles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Environmental modifications               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Classroom Management Plan</li> <li>▪ Instructional Materials</li> <li>▪ Grouping of students</li> <li>▪ Method of instruction</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ Specially Designed Instruction outlined within IEP:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Research- Based Instructional Practice</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ 9+1 Adaptations</li> <li>□ Supplementary Aids</li> <li>□ Assistive Technology</li> <li>□ How progress will be determined through progress data analyzed to inform decision-making for instruction:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Method of Measurement</li> <li>▪ Classroom-based assessment</li> <li>▪ Scaffolded Support</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



## D. Instructional Strategies and Materials for Accessing the Kentucky Core Academic Standards:

<b>Difficulty: Adapt the skill level, problem type, or the rules on how the learner may approach the work</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify and focus on critical information. Prioritize the “need to know” content rather than “nice to know”. Organize instruction around the big ideas</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simplify task directions</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pre-teaching - introduce new vocabulary before beginning lesson</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Photocopy pieces of research material related to subject for report or project, then read and underline/highlight main ideas and important details</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use advanced organizers and post-organizers to introduce and summarize lesson content</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Highlight, underline, or color-code main ideas, important vocabulary, and/or key concepts</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Highlight root words to aid in decoding</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Discuss task and check for clear understanding of all parts of assignment from the beginning</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Frequently restate concepts/directions using short phrases</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide handouts summarizing important information</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Give an outline listing the main ideas and related subtopics (Provide space to take additional notes)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide visuals (e.g., multimedia presentations, transparencies, flip charts) to list important concepts</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When assignment requires drawing diagrams, provide diagram and have student label parts</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Require less detailed drawings (e.g., structure of cell)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide handbook of grammar and punctuation rules, review frequently and allow student to use as reference</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On a cue card, provide list of adjectives, adverbs, to use as reference</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On a cue card, list steps in math processes/formulas to use as references</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allow the use of calculator to figure math problems</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For language exercises, (i.e., punctuation) provide copy of assignment and require only the addition of appropriate punctuation</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When asking for students to express their ideas in writing on a given subject, allow student to make a list of words that reflect the content</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide an adapted text of the same content/title</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide choice of reading materials that match interest and skill level</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chunk material for easier comprehension</li> </ul>

<b>Delivery: Adapt the way instruction is delivered to the learner</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduce amount of copying from text and board</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide copy of vocabulary/terms instead of copying from text</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide manuscript copy of lecture notes</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Posters of steps for specific learning strategies (open response, writing process, formulas)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alert student to focus before expressing key points</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Read sections of the text aloud or have volunteers to read aloud</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Develop study guides to be completed as material is read</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use cued notes</li> </ul>

• Read questions and discuss before the student writes answers
• Provide books on tape, or allow student to use a text reader
• Provide chapter outlines
• Instruct and provide directions using a step-by-step process (sequential & numbered)
• Visual displays and graphic organizers
• Analogies, stories, examples, non-examples
• Conduct large group discussion before assigning group work
• Avoid crowded, cluttered worksheets by utilizing techniques such as blocking, cutting (cut worksheets into sections, folding) and highlighting, color-coding or underlining
• Provide diagrams (i.e., water cycle) and pre-labeled cards to place on diagrams
• Provide many opportunities for processing (before, during, and after lesson)
• Teach mnemonic devices
• Teach students how to interpret graphs, charts, and illustrations
• Give written directions to supplement verbal directions
• Paraphrase information
• Encourage feedback to check for understanding
• Record questions on tape recorder
• Tape alternate pages for read one page, listen to second page
• Provide additional directions and information
• Assist in prewriting activities and provide writing prompts
• Show project examples that others have done and point out and list key features that students must include
• Demonstrate math concepts using concrete objects before requiring independent work
• Vary the pace and change tasks frequently
• Use cooperative learning groups
• Use multi-sensory instructional strategies
• Keep directions concise and simple
• Monitor the student's understanding by asking student to repeat directions
• Include rebus pictures with written directions for students who are unable to read
• Place a piece of yellow acetate or yellow shelf liner (hot cover) over the page of print to enhance contrast, darken print, and focus student on smaller chunks
• Use black marker pens to trace over directions and darken print for students with low vision
• Always state/write the goals and objectives at the beginning of each lesson
• Connect previous day's learning with new lesson
• Provide all information in a logically organized and sequential format
• Vary the level of questions during class discussion to include all students
• Use closure strategies regularly
• Connect to student's prior knowledge
• Use a variety of practice formats
• Incorporate active learning strategies
• Give immediate reinforcement of correct response
• Give immediate correction of errors
• Provide individual student instruction when needed
• Use concrete and manipulative objects at all grade levels

• Teach reading within all content areas
• Use specific questions to guide content reading
• Communicate your expectations
• Lab work
• Problem based inquiry
• Independent projects
• Small group projects
• Whole group projects
• Use picture metaphors or storytelling
• Use music
• Teach memory strategies including mnemonic devices
• Color and visual symbols
• Use music to enhance learning
• Teach using multi-sensory modes including multiple intelligences and learning styles
• Use interval learning and processing time

Assessment: Adapt how the student can respond to instruction
• Provide a menu of options for student to demonstrate knowledge other than (or in addition to) pencil/paper tests
• Use verbal responses, a communication book, or show knowledge with hands-on materials
• Draw and write sentences to demonstrate comprehension
• Make a poster or dictate a report instead of writing
• Use technology (e.g., PowerPoint presentation)
• Dictate into tape recorder
• Dictate answers to peers
• Assign a reader
• Assign a scribe
• Verbal descriptions of diagrams instead of drawing
• Choice of cursive or manuscript handwriting
• Allow for spelling errors
• Accept key responses instead of complete sentences
• Give option of verbal assignment
• Provide additional space to record written responses
• Emphasize important words in written assessments through underlining, color-coding, bolding, and enlarged print
• Reduce number of choices on multiple-choice or matching tests
• For language lessons, have student read sentences aloud and verbalize corrections instead of writing
• Allow demonstration to answers in math using concrete materials
• Paraphrase
• Prompts and cueing
• Extended time
• Provide each student with a small chalkboard or whiteboard, old sock for erasing, and chalk or a dry erase marker for written responses.
• Index cards can be used to respond to true/false or agree/disagree statements. Once question is

asked, student shows response by holding up their card
• Thumbs up/thumbs down to encourage active group participation during presentations
• Include one direction per sentence
• Underline or box directions
• Provide examples of correct responses
• Use large, bold print when possible
• When creating multiple-choice tests, exclude “all of the above” and “none of the above” statements
• When creating matching tests, organize both columns so student’s choices are clear and concise. Present matching statements/answers in blocks of five. Double space between blocks of information
• When creating true/false tests, eliminate words such as “all” or “never”(Avoid using double negatives)
• Create fill-in-the-blank tests by placing the choices under the blank space
• Use a variety of formats to review for several days before a test or a quiz (i.e., quiz bowls, small group reviews, question & answer period, study buddies)
• When giving essay tests, provide the student with a blank outline format for organization of ideas. Highlight or underline key words in questions
• Have the student demonstrate knowledge learned by performing or demonstrating key concepts
• Provide all students a copy of the test so that they do not have to guess what is “need to know” content
• Provide study guides
• Vary testing format
• Design collages, posters, timelines of events, and storyboards to manipulate the information
• Develop and conduct surveys
• Create maps, graphs, diagrams
• Design and play simulation game activities
• Write and perform skits
• Design an inquiry project
• Provide scoring guides/rubrics to clarify expectations
• Use a grading contract detailing the basis for grades
• Use labels
• Have students design overhead presentations
• Provide an outline of content
• Have students create photo essays
• Journal entry
• Illustrated book
• Slide show
• Power point presentation
• Models
• Diorama
• Art project
• Felt board or storyboard
• Handmade puzzle
• Debate
• Oral report

• Chant or song
• Walking tour talk
• Radio advertisement
• Storytelling
• Demonstration
• Dramatization
• Role play
• Chalkboard walk
• Design and run a business
• Charades
• Large construction project
• Poetry
• Allow student to take the test a second time
• Taped tests
• Open book exams
• Frequent but shorter quizzes
• Encourage the student to summarize what they have learned that was not asked on the test

<b>Size: Adapt the number of items that the learner is expected to learn or complete</b>
• Reduce the number of terms a learner must memorize at any one time
• Integrate several short, learning activities rather than a single long one into the session
• Select fewer comprehension questions to complete
• Reduce amount of required writing (Don't use writing as a punitive consequence)
• When giving a language assignment to complete on the same concept, require fewer sentences to be completed
• Reduce the spelling list
• Assign a specific number of math "problems" and allow student to choose those problems
• Limit the number of concepts presented on each test
• Divide the test into segments. Each segment should have individual directions and should be graded separately

<b>Time: Adapt the time allotted for learning, task completion, or testing</b>
• Individualize a time line (through the student planner) for completing task. This may include time limits and time extensions
• When assignments require answers to comprehension questions, give the material several days early and have parents, aide, or special education teacher to read the material with the students and discuss the comprehension questions
• Provide extra classroom time to work on assignments
• Allow assignments to be taken home to complete
• Permit re-take spelling tests
• Spend more time on complex math processes (Review and give fewer problems but more days to practice those processes)
• Recognize effort and do not require the completion of the entire activity
• Teacher/assistant can work in advance to assist in generating ideas for participation to contribute to group discussions
• Prioritize assignments and/or steps to completing assignments

• Alternate quiet and active tasks. Set time limits for specific task completion
• Increase time allowed for completion of tests or assignments
• Reduce the length of the test
• Space short work periods with breaks or change of tasks
• Follow a specific, consistent routine
• Post the daily schedule on the board for students who like the big picture
• Develop classroom routines and celebrations and use them

Environment: Adapt the physical setting
• Post daily work, schedules, and homework assignments at eye level in front of class
• Surround student with peers who model appropriate behavior
• Use a study carrel
• Use proximity seating
• Be aware of student's sensory preferences
• Provide a distraction-free zone
• Encourage students to find "best study place"
• Help student keep workspace free of unnecessary materials
• Be aware of student allergies
• Provide extra structure during transition times
• Review class/school guidelines and classroom rules frequently
• Be aware of assignment of schedules in regard to "on-task" behaviors
• Engage the student in community-based instruction

Level of Support: Increase the amount of personal assistance with a specific learner
• Assign peer buddy
• Assign teaching assistant
• Assign peer tutor
• Pair students for review games and questioning
• Have student use a scribe
• Have student orally respond to a test
• Pair students to develop a duet story
• Use small groups to master specific content
• Use graphic organizers for note-taking
• Use cued notes for note-taking
• Use cooperative learning groups

Participation: Adapt the extent to which a learner is actively involved in a task
• Integrate choral response into lessons
• Use instructional games
• Use Think-Pair-Share strategy
• Use Turn-to-Your-Neighbor strategy
• Involve student in listening and participating in group discussions, but do not require a written response

Organization: Instruct the student in organization techniques to assist within the classroom and school situation
• Set clear time limits for assignments
• Questioning at the end of each sentence or paragraph
• Allow additional time to complete tasks and take notes
• Highlight main facts in the book or photocopied pages
• Provide materials checklist
• Ask student to paraphrase directions given
• Use a student assignment notebook
• Assign student a volunteer homework buddy
• Lend student a second set of books for home

Motivation Strategies: Students can only be motivated to do tasks they are physically and mentally capable of doing
• Use a symbol system for correct response
• Send home daily progress reports
• Keep graphs and charts of student's progress
• Conference with student's parent
• Conference with student's other teachers
• Use checks for accuracy
• Use goal setting or contracts with student
• Use immediate reinforcement of correct response
• Develop a reward or point system

## E. WEBSITES

### **Kentucky System of Interventions (KSI)**

<http://education.ky.gov/educational/int/ksi/Pages/default.aspx>

### **Individual Learning Plan (ILP)**

<http://education.ky.gov/educational/CCadv/ilp/Pages/default.aspx>

### **CIITS**

<http://education.ky.gov/districts/tech/ciits/Pages/Continuous-Instructional-Improvement-Technology-System.aspx>

### **Accelerated Learning**

[http://www.acceleratedlearning.com/method/what\\_is.html](http://www.acceleratedlearning.com/method/what_is.html)

### **Cast**

<http://www.cast.org>

### **KDE Curriculum Teaching Tools**

<http://education.ky.gov/curriculum/docs/tt/Pages/default.aspx>

### **Federal Registry for Educational Excellence**

<http://free.ed.gov>

**Graphic.org**

<http://www.graphic.org/goindex.html>

**Differentiated Instruction**

<http://www.gstboces.org/iss/iss/trainings/di/strategies/tiered.htm>

**What Works Clearinghouse**

<http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/publications/practiceguides>

**Intervention Central**

<http://www.interventioncentral.org>

**IRIS**

<http://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/>

**Novelguide**

<http://www.novelguide.com>

**Instructional Strategies Online**

<http://schools.spsd.sk.ca/curriculum/instructionalstrategies/>

**Picture Dictionary**

<http://www.pdictionary.com/>

**Pink Monkey**

<http://www.pinkmonkey.com/index2.asp>

**National Center on RtI**

<http://www.rti4success.org>

**LD online**

<http://www.ldonline.org/>

**10x10**

<http://tenbyten.org>

**National Center on UDL**

<http://www.udlcenter.org>

**PD 360**

<http://www.pd360.com/pd360.cfm#>

**National Center for Learning Disabilities (NCLD)**

<http://education.ky.gov/curriculum/docs/Pages/KLN.aspx>

**Academic and Behavioral Response to Intervention (ABRI)**

<https://louisville.edu/education/abri>



**Kentucky Center for Instructional Discipline (KYCID)**

<http://www.kycid.org/>

**Kentucky Autism Training Center (KATC)**

<http://louisville.edu/education/kyautismtraining/>

**Center on Online Learning and Students with Disabilities**

<http://centeronlinelearning.org/>

**University of Kansas Self-Determination Project**

[http://www2.ku.edu/~kucdd/self\\_determination/](http://www2.ku.edu/~kucdd/self_determination/)

**Virginia Self-Determination Project (I'm Determined)**

<http://www.imdetermined.org/>

For additional information contact  
Office Of Next Generation Learners  
Division of Learning Services  
Diverse Learners Branch  
500 Mero Street, 18th Floor CPT  
Frankfort, KY 40601  
Phone: 502-564-4970  
Fax: 502-564-6470